

Become a Goodfellow
and make some
poor family happy

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

HOME
EDITION

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1917.—TWENTY-SIX PAGES.

THIS PAPER CONSTITUTES
TWO EDITIONS—SECTION ONE

* PRICE TWO CENTS.

TO GERMANY: DISGORGE AND PAY!

SAY PACKERS
ASKED TRIBUTE
NOT TO MOVE

Meat Price Inquiry
Hints at Illicit
Profits.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.]—That the great packing houses have remained in Chicago only because of secret and illicit profits derived from the operation of the Chicago Junction railway and Union Stock Yards company was one of the statements placed in evidence today at the opening of the investigation of the packers by the federal trade commission.

The packers, it was stated, had been tempted to remove from Chicago by the offers of western railroads, but had been induced to remain only "on account of pecuniary considerations" given by the stock yards and terminal railway company.

Charge Hidden Profits.

This testimony was heard in connection with charges that the packers conceal their full profits and that the high price of meat is due in part to fictitious costs covering payments by the packers to the stock yards company, which is alleged to be controlled by the packers themselves.

Unduly high charges for service by the stock yards company are alleged to be used to boost the cost of meat, and in addition the packers make a profit from the services they render to themselves through the terminal corporation.

Avoid Rebate Peril.

Testimony was produced, under questioning by Francis J. Heney, special counsel for the commission, to the effect that the packers received rebates from the former corporation controlling the stockyards and terminal railroads until such practices were held illegal and that then a new corporation was formed under the control of the packers in order to continue to turn over to the meat producing concerns "a portion of the plunder."

Under the reorganization of the stock yards and railroad the packers were given "whatever pickings may seem proper to them," according to one bit of documentary evidence.

It was disclosed that the investigation was undertaken by the trade commission at the direction of President Wilson, who wrote a letter suggesting that the commission determine whether the packers' control of the stockyards and terminal company is responsible to any extent for the high price of meat.

Efforts also will be made to determine just to what extent five big groups of packers control the nation's meat supply.

Packers Not Witnesses.

None of the heads of the packing concerns had been invited to testify in the inquiry, for the reason, it is explained, that as witnesses they might obtain immunity from prosecution if it should be determined that they have violated the law. The commission has summoned, however, F. W. Croll, treasurer of Armour & Co., who will appear tomorrow to be examined concerning the transactions under fire.

A representative of the food administration attended the hearing for the purpose of obtaining information concerning the profits of the packers, which have been limited by Mr. Hoover to 9 per cent. If it should be shown that there are secret profits the food administration might take action to reduce the permitted capital stock return. That the packers' licenses to do business under the food control law might be revoked was a suggestion heard but generally scouted.

Tales of Dummy Directors.

The testimony concerning the secret control of the stockyards and terminal company by the packers was replete with tales of dummy directors, reminding one of the comedies and tragedies of high finance. The packers have contended that they had no financial interest in the stockyards or railway terminals of Chicago, but it was brought out during today's hearing that while the name of no member of any of the firms mentioned appears on the list of stockholders holding companies were formed for the purpose of disengaging such control and that, in reality, both the Chicago stockyards and the terminal railways are under the domination of the three big packing concerns.

It developed during today's inquiry (Continued on page 10, column 1.)

EXTRA

SIXTY-SEVEN DIE
AS TRAINS CRASH;
40 TO 50 INJURED

Kentucky Town Scene
of Rear-End Smash;
Doctors Rushed.

Shepherdsville, Ky., Dec. 20.—Sixty-seven known dead and forty to fifty persons injured, some of them seriously, was the toll taken when Louisville and Nashville passenger train No. 7, from Cincinnati to New Orleans, early tonight crashed into the rear of a Bardstown, Louisville, and Springfield accommodation train 600 yards south of the station here.

The accommodation train had just left the station after making a stop, when the faster train, which makes no stop here, came in sight, moving at a high rate of speed. Efforts to bring to a halt were futile, and the heavy locomotive, with the weight of a heavy steel train behind it, crashed into the rear of the accommodation with a terrific impact.

The two wooden passenger coaches and baggage car making up the smaller train were splintered.

Fast Train Escapes.

Virtually every person aboard the accommodation train, both crew and passengers, was either killed or badly injured.

None of the passengers aboard the fast train was killed, though a number were injured. The locomotive was demolished and the heavy steel coaches making up the train were thrown from the track.

A relief train made up at Louisville and rushed here with physicians and nurses. By the time it arrived most of the injured and the bodies of the dead had been removed from the wreckage by volunteers.

Rushed to Louisville Hospitals.

Within a short time this work was completed and the train was started back to Louisville with a clear right of way taking the injured to hospitals there.

"ANTIS" LEADING
IN AUSTRALIA
ON DRAFT VOTE

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 20.—First returns from the conscription plebiscite in Australia give a majority of 120,000 votes against conscription out of about half of 2,000,000 votes cast, according to a cable dispatch from Sydney to the Vancouver World. The one million votes yet to be counted include the soldier's vote.

In the conscription election in Australia last year, the issue was defeated by a margin of 61,000 votes, 1,085,000 ballots being cast in favor of conscription and 1,146,000 against it.

Women voted.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1:00 a. m. Saturday.
Chicago and vicinity: Show and snow. Slight and somewhat cold. Friday: Saturday probably fair; moderate northwesterly winds. Saturday: Show and snow. Friday with light snow north. Saturday: Show and snow. Saturday: Show and snow. Saturday: Show and snow.

Temperature in Chicago.

MAXIMUM, 53° P. M. 59

MINIMUM, 8 A. M. 49

8 a. m. 41 11 a. m. 45 6 p. m. 50

8 a. m. 40 10 a. m. 45 7 p. m. 50

8 a. m. 41 1 p. m. 45 8 p. m. 50

8 a. m. 40 2 p. m. 45 9 p. m. 50

8 a. m. 42 3 p. m. 50 10 p. m. 57

8 a. m. 42 3 p. m. 50 11 p. m. 57

8 a. m. 40 4 p. m. 50 12 p. m. 50

8 a. m. 45 5 p. m. 50 1 a. m. 50

Mean temperature for 24 hours to 7 p. m. 46°. Mean temperature for the day, 50°. Deficiency Jan. 1, 643 degrees.

Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m. 0.

Deficiency since Jan. 1, 815 inches.

Highest wind velocity, 38 miles an hour from N. W. at 8 a. m.

Humidity, 88 at 7 a. m. 81 at 7 p. m.

For complete weather report see page 14.

YESTERDAY ELSEWHERE.

Temp. Low prev. 7 p. m. High night.

New York 60 60 55 Cloudy

Boston 30 45 34 Clear

Washington 30 45 34 Clear

Los Angeles 54 56 54 Clear

Minneapolis 28 30 28 Snow

San Francisco 55 55 55 Clear

Gulf Coast 55 55 55 Cloudy

SHIPPING ADVICE.

Special Forecast for Shipments Within Radius of 200 Miles.

Protect shipments to each destination by tomorrow night from temperatures as follows:

North and northwest, 10 to 12 degrees.

East, 8 to 10 degrees.

South, 6 to 8 degrees.

West, 4 to 6 degrees.

Temperature night from 441 F.

His assailant escaped.

Fallos left a pockmark at 520 Forquer street just before the killing.

GREAT AERIAL ACTIVITY IN GERMANY

[Copyright, 1917. By John T. McCutchen.]



LLOYD GEORGE
SAYS: WAR ON
TO A FINISH

Peace with the
Junkers Only a
Mockery.

PEACE OR SAFETY?

Germany Calls for End of War,
While Lloyd George Says
World Must Be Saved.

Lloyd George declares Britain will consider no peace until the militarist caste in Prussia has been completely broken. Says Britain agrees with Wilson that no safety can be had in world while outlaw power rules Germany.

Lloyd George also says Great Britain entered war not to gain territory for any one; must defeat militarism; German colonies a matter for future; more men needed for army, but America is coming; shipping losses less.

Russia says Germany intends to make peace proposals to allies soon. May ask Russia to intervene.

Austria-Hungary approves general peace "without annexation, territorial or economic," Count Czernin says.

American administration officials characterize "German peace terms" as "Tente propaganda."

Czechs and South Slavs of Austria-Hungary in parliament vote for peace.

SAYS BOND ISSUE
OF 8 BILLIONS
WILL COME NEXT

New York Paper Forecasts 4½ Per Cent Interest.

New York, Dec. 21, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—The Sun this morning says in a dispatch from Washington that the next war loan of the people of the United States will be asked to take will be a bond issue of \$8,000,000,000.

The Sun says further the interest rate will be 4½ per cent and that the offering will be made on March 15.

No announcement is made by Secretary McAdoo and no confirmation is obtained.

Talks of Conference.

According to the Sun's story, the governors of the twelve federal reserve banks left their home stations a week ago and quietly gathered in Washington. Informal meetings with Secretary McAdoo were held daily for almost a week. Other financiers were called into consultation.

The men who handled the last loan were asked specific questions. Before him Mr. McAdoo had formal reports on the first two loans and reports on the conditions of the country and the financial conditions of the people.

The next event would be the conquest of Mesopotamia and Palestine and the release of Arabs from the dominion of Turkey. Another event would be the settling up of the international council.

The premier said that at this council would be discussed and decided questions which would have a greater effect on international relations than any one could imagine. So far it had been a conspicuous success; it had been free from friction and had helped to remove friction.

Removal of Friction.

The various countries have found that it means the removal of friction in discussing and interchanging views, and he had no doubt it would have a great influence in the direction of the economic policy of the four governments represented.

The machinery established at Versailles would have a potent influence in modifying the war and economic strategy of the allies.

The necessity of sending troops to Italy and the Russian armistice, the premier said, had increased the anxieties of the allies, and cast further obligations on the property holders.

"It is therefore absolutely necessary," he declared, "for the security of our armies and our country and for the defense of our allies that this country should make greater sacrifices in order to strengthen the armies in the field during the coming year."

Must Alter Exemptions.

The pledges given in labor in 1916 regarding men exempted, he added, would either have to be altered or canceled, and Sir Auckland Geddes, minister of national service, had called a conference for next week to consider the matter.

Another circumstance which impelled the government to make a further demand upon the man power of the country was that under present conditions they had been forced to send men back to the fighting line who had been repeatedly wounded. That was unfair and intolerable while there were men who had never been at the front.

As to Military Outlook.

As to military prospects, continued the premier, one great power had practically gone out of the war and another great power had not fully come in, and therefore the burden on Britain would be considerable.

The premier said that if the Russian

French Destroyers Sink
Two Teuton Submarines

ATHENS, Dec. 20.—French destroyers have sunk two enemy submarines in the gulf of Taranto.

only 3
Showing dogs
CHINA

ARGENTINA IN
WAR SOON? DUE
TO NEW EXPOSE

U.S. Bares Intrigues
by Kaiser Against
the Americas.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.]—Damning evidence that Germany planned aggressive action in South America after the war, and that German diplomats have intruded to set Latin America against the United States, is contained in seized German diplomatic correspondence published by Secretary of State Lansing today.

Thirty-four cablegrams passing between Count Luxburg, former German minister at Buenos Aires, and the German foreign office were given out by Secretary Lansing through an arrangement with the Argentine government for simultaneous publication in both countries.

The medium of communication between Luxburg and Berlin was not stated by Mr. Lansing, but it is presumed these messages were sent to Berlin by the Swedish legation at Buenos Aires via Stockholm, as was the famous "spurious verus" cablegram in which Luxburg advised sinking of Argentine steamers "without a trace."

Compact Against U. S.

Luxburg in one of his messages dated Aug. 1 last, reported that President Iglesias of Argentina at last had made up his mind to conclude a secret agreement with Chile and Bolivia for protection against North America before the conference idea is taken up again.

The "conference idea" is assumed to have been the plan for a Latin American neutrality conference strongly supported by President Carranza of Mexico and much discussed in some of the South American countries, while the proposed secret agreement may explain reports that have come from Buenos Aires recently of President Iglesias's proposals for a league of South American nations.

May Force War Declaration.

In Latin-American diplomatic quarters here it is regarded as certain that the disclosures will result very quickly in an Argentine declaration of war against Germany. Congress and a majority of the people favored this step when the American government made public the "spurious verus" cablegram without a trace" message of Luxburg, and it

GEN. SCOTT SEES U.S. VESSEL FIRE ON A SUBMARINE



At Atlantic Port, Dec. 20.—The naval gunners of the vessel on which Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, U. S. A., returned today fired at what appeared to be the periscope of a submarine the day after leaving port and scored a hit which is believed to have sunk the German boat, according to passengers on board.

All the guns were manned when the object thought to be a periscope was sighted. The vessel headed straight toward the object and several shots were fired. One struck at the point where the periscope was moving, and a huge volume of water arose.

The commander of the guns gave the order to cease firing and the lines resumed its voyage.

Maj. Gen. Scott, who is to be assigned as chief instruction officer of the naval school, has been at the front in France studying conditions there. A number of United States army officers arrived here with him.

British Report Losses of 17,976 During the Week

LONDON, Dec. 18.—[Delayed.]—British casualties reported in the week ending today totalled 17,976 officers and men, as follows:

Officers	Men
Killed or died of wounds.....	321
Wounded or missing.....	1,039
	3,181

Christmas Surrender—HARLEM WARDROBE TRUNKS. Two Stores, 626 S. Michigan-av., and 119 N. Wabash-av.—Adv.

SHAYNE FUR CAPS and Fur Gloves

RED CROSS CHRISTMAS MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN

THE coldest winter blasts won't affect you with Shayne Fur Caps and Fur Gloves. You'll do well to buy your fur accessories from Shayne—Chicago's Leading Furrer. No gift will be appreciated more than a Shayne Fur Cap or pair of Shayne Fur Gloves.

Get them today.

Genuine Hudson Seal and Alaska Seal Caps

\$8, \$15
and Higher.

JOHN SHAYNE
Palmer House Corner

\$42.5
IN THE
STIRS
Urge
Cope

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Henry F. B

GERMANY'S OWN STORY OF INTRIGUE IN SOUTH AMERICA

Here is a Series of Telegrams Sent by Count Luxburg, Formerly German Minister to Argentina, and Some Replies by Officials of the Berlin Foreign Office.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—The series of telegrams sent by Count Luxburg, formerly German minister to the Argentina, by some "secret wire," to the Berlin foreign office, were made public by the United States state department and the government of Argentina simultaneously today. The Luxburg telegrams published the first of the Luxburg cables.

had the key to the German code, and that three telegrams alluding to Chile and Uruguay, were not published but were turned over to those governments. "The telegrams show a number of inaccuracies so surprising that no epithet will fit them," the Argentine minister says, adding that they were completely at variance with the terms in which the negotiations with Germany were carried on and concluded.

Scandal at South Americans.

The telegrams cover a period from July 7 to Sept. 1, 1917. On the last date Luxburg expressed fear that the "secret wire" may have compromised. These fears were realized later when Count Luxburg published the first of the Luxburg cables.

Two of the telegrams included in the list given out today were previously published. One referred to the Argentine foreign minister as an "ass." In today's text this is amended to a "theatrical person" with an "insane cunning in preventing me from having a friendly interview." The other previously published cablegram is the one referring to South Americans as "Indians under thin veneer" and urging that a submarine squadron be sent to show that Germany's "easy good nature" cannot be counted on.

Deals With President.

Throughout the messages Luxburg dwells upon his difficulties with the foreign minister and upon his influence with the president. Finally he was conducting negotiations directly with the president, although the foreign minister's attitude made this troublesome.

How far President Irigoyen's project for a general alliance went with the correspondence was not developed. It merely says that he made up his mind to conclude the agreement with Bolivia and Chile, "a mutual rapprochement for protection" vis-a-vis North America being the purpose as described.

Luxburg's Tips.

Here is a summary of the information Count Luxburg cabled the Berlin foreign office:

That the Argentine president protested his friendship for Germany and his firm desire for neutrality in spite of severe pressure.

That the president refused to invite the ambassador to his residence.

That Luxburg had set up a wireless receiving plant. He asked the wave length of the Nauen, Germany, station. Luxburg then sent a confidential telegram giving the names of ten ships sailing from Brazil, giving tonnage of two and stating that a third "leaves low in water."

Calls Ministers Bribed.

Outlined disagreement with Argentina foreign minister over negotiations for sinking ships because the latter insisted that not only should Germany pay indemnity, she should admit obligation to pay indemnity.

Charged that minister of marine and foreign minister are "probably bribed" but that "president holds us up."

Said United States had urged Argentina to drop plans for conference of South American neutrals.

Suggested that "Argentina should on the one hand tacitly be spared" and on the other hand be "prevented from going to sea."

Tells of U-Boat Parleys.

Otherwise telegram to Luxburg outlining details of the negotiations with President Irigoyen for settlement of Argentina's claims for reparation for sinking of ships by Germany.

A long telegram from Herr Zimmerman, the then German foreign minister, who proposed the alliance of Mexico and Japan against the United States. In the text of the 20th, Zimmerman gave an outline of a plan of settlement with Argentina in which he urged Luxburg to dwell on the "historic friendship between the two countries," which was an oft repeated term in the diplomatic correspondence over the sinking of American ships.

Still in Argentina.

One of the last telegrams from Luxburg to Berlin said that "public opinion is becoming unpatriotic." This was when Argentinians were clamoring for war with Germany.

A cablegram from Berlin to Luxburg said secret instructions would be sent by "well known way." This attempt to conceal the secret was stopped when Secretary Lansing exposed the secret pipe line through the Swedish legation at Buenos Aires, and the Luxburg-Berlin telegrams stopped.

Count Luxburg still is in Argentina, although a safe conduct was secured for him long ago, and there have been frequent announcements of his plans for sailing for a north European neutral country. The last report received here concerning him said he was undergoing treatment in a hospital for a nervous disorder. For a time he was in a detention camp, probably chiefly because the Argentine public was so incensed against him that it was not safe to have him at large.

Surprises Argentinians.

RUEÑOS ALICE.—Dec. 20.—The Argentine government published today fifty-seven of the 400 or more dispatches exchanged between Count Luxburg, the former German minister at Buenos Aires, and the Berlin government, explaining that only these have so far been received from the legation at Washington.

The nature of the dispatches has caused surprise and pessimism, despite an official note accompanying them declaring the telegrams contain "no secret information."

The texts of the dispatches, however, are much commented upon because many of Luxburg's affirmations coincide with known facts and events.

MANN RELIEVED AS COMMANDER OF RAINBOW TROOPS

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—Major General William H. Mann, who took command of the Rainbow Division, which took national guard status, in the battlefields of France, has been relieved because of physical inability to stand field duties and will return to the United States to be retired next July. His successor has not been announced.

It is understood this order is in line with the policy urged on the department by Gen. Pershing that old and senior commanders be replaced, even if they already have been sent to France.

OCEAN STEAMERS ARRIVED.—Arrived at Atlantic and Gulf ports: American Astoria, Atlantic, Albatross, Alice and Jessie, Berti, Colonial Comet, Caribbean, City of Chicago, California, Carolinian, Commodore Perry, Columbia, Goliath, Harriet, Joliette, Miles, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, Marin, Marquette, Mount Pelvoux, New York, Nubian, Oregon, Ossipee, Pacific, Pennsylvania, Queen, Queen of the Americas, Rio Grande, San Joaquin, Skanska, Stora, Stora, Southern, Midland, Swan, Tahiti, Tropicana, Venetia, Vittoria, Vito, Wilton, William Rockefeller; moreover Moon-

on. This is dangerous in South America where we peep under the Indian suns with full powers to me—probably still save the situation. I request instructions as to whether after a rupture of relations legation is to start for home or to remove to Paraguay or possibly Chile. The naval attaché will doubtless go to Santiago de Chile."

President Protests Friendship.

"No. 67, July 16, 1917. President in the course of a long interview protested his friendship for Germany and firm desire for neutrality in spite of severe pressure. He demanded forbearance for all ships, about six in number, proceeding to the war zone, but conceded that contraband found on board might be destroyed. He stated that it is fact that there are no more ships available. He regretted the possibility of rupture. Am reporting further."

Wires on Chancellor's Speech.

"No. 69, July 13, 1917. Imperial chancellor's declaration of no peace without annexations has made the best impression among our friends and also the most favorable impression of the confidence of victory. The news of the crisis and the dismissal of numerous ministers is being exploited by our enemies."

Reports on Chanceller Note.

"No. 70, July 14, 1917. Confidential also for Molina in agreement with Saguler, who is shortly to take over the ministry of foreign affairs. I beg that the reply to the note may be delayed until the 1st of August."

Reports on Saguler Note.

"No. 80, July 24, 1917. Confidential also for Molina in agreement with Saguler, who is shortly to take over the ministry of foreign affairs. I beg that the reply to the note may be delayed until the 1st of August."

Confidential Note.

"No. 82, July 25, 1917. First—Receiving plant erected according to instructions. When does Nauen send great strength and which is the wave length?"

Reports on Saguler Note.

"No. 83, Aug. 10, 1917. First—Remittance of coupons of provincial and state loans depends on the general situation we are negotiating."

Reports on Saguler Note.

"No. 84, Aug. 12, 1917. First—Destination and particulars of ships bound for Europe are kept strictly secret. The following are on the way, the first two being over 800 tons: the other, under: California, Pelegri, Uruguay, Lima, Peru, Venezuela, Paraguay, Brazil, Bolivia, Sailings from Brazilian ports at various dates, the last named 20th July. Steamer lies low in the water and has a superstructure amiss."

Reports on Saguler Note.

"No. 85, Aug. 15, 1917. First—To the future, will avoid the blockade and, if possible, that the Argentine ships avoid contraband and any hostile undertaking. This reply is couched in conciliatory language."

To Avoid Blockade Zone.

"No. 86, July 25, 1917. First—Continuation of No. 71. Protocols to be exchanged here."

Continuation of No. 71.

"No. 87, July 25, 1917. First—Argentine to promise that the future will avoid the blockade and, if possible, that the Argentine ships avoid contraband and any hostile undertaking. This reply is couched in conciliatory language."

Continuation of No. 71.

"No. 88, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 89, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 90, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 91, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 92, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 93, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend annulling the new note after 10th August in friendly terms and, if necessary, proposing a court of arbitration."

Call for Secret Wire.

"No. 94, Aug. 15, 1917. First—Agreement not possible, since minister insists that protocol shall establish the obligation to pay indemnity to Argentina and contain provision for freedom for known Argentine ships carrying the products of the country. Most of the ships have been sold to the enemy and will change flags. I recommend

\$42,500 LOSS IN THEFT NO. 5 STIRS BANKERS

Urge Vigilantes to Cope with Thieves' Science.

Since April twenty-seven Illinois banks have been robbed of \$211,600. In the last thirty days banks in and around Chicago have been robbed of \$108,500.

Since April 27 there have been twenty-one burglaries and robberies, attempted and successful, of Illinois banks.

Ninety-five per cent of bank burglaries in the United States since Jan. 1 have been in the middle west.

Illinois leads every state in the number of bank robberies.

An oxy-acetylene torch in the hands of robbers as expert and competent as an engineer corps yielded up \$42,500 from the twelve inch steel and concrete vault of the Summit State Bank yesterday.

Last night the officers of the Cook County Bankers' club met and decided upon a vigilance committee. Meantime, the police and private detective agencies had developed only slight clews to the latest of five bank robberies in the month. Their principal hope is to trace the ownership of the oxy-acetylene torch and the acetylene tank with which the Summit bank vault was pierced as if it had been made of tissue paper.

Part of Pay Roll.

The money taken was a portion of the pay roll of the Argus plant of the Corn Products Refining company. It was contained in two leather bags which had been placed in the bank for safe keeping over night. This money, together with \$27,000 contained in another bag which was overlooked, had been drawn from the downtown bank on the day previous and was to have been used in paying 15,000 employees of the Corn Products company.

In addition to these sums there was also in the cash boxes \$33,000 belonging to the Stummie bank. No attempt was made to disturb this. The bag with the \$27,000 was partly covered by papers and for this reason is believed not to have been seen.

Work with Accuracy.

The accuracy with which the robbers worked was evidenced by each step of the proceedings, readily observable when the police began work. A heavy steel door was cut through for blocks around were cut to prevent an alarm should the robbers be discovered at work. The cutting of wires stopped electric clocks at 12:05 a.m., indicating the probable hour of the robbery. The fact that an acetylene apparatus weighs between 200 and 300 pounds proves beyond doubt that the robbers traveled in an automobile. The rear door of the bank was first ripped clean of its steel bars and the wooden panels smashed.

Torch Comes into Play.

Then the robbers entered with a mechanical device designed for the needs of a small factory. Picks and drills were applied to the wall of the vault until the concrete was torn away, laying bare the steel reinforcements. The oxy-acetylene torch now came into play. This, according to William A. Pinkerton, is the tool of the master-crackman. It is noiseless and it is not a burglar's tool. One cannot be arrested for carrying burly instruments if carrying the "oxy."

Burglars were wary of using it at first because of the "flare-back." But these robbers were sage and full of wisdom. A sheet of asbestos paper was laid on the floor so the molten steel would not set fire to the floor. Another sheet of asbestos was twirled into a cone. One of the robbers handed the torch. Another held the cone over it. Thus the sparks did not burn the operator's hands and also there was no glare to be seen from the street.

Bolts Burned Through.

When a safe is to be opened by the torch the robber first studies the construction of the safe. The bolts where it is situated. Then he burns through the bolts and the safe comes apart. When the Summit burglars reached the steel reinforcement it was the work of only a few moments to see a hole large enough to admit a man.

One slipped through and passed out the two bags he evidently was prepared to find. One table were three were not disturbed. Leaving the table, and the torch in his pocket, the robbers carried their loot to a waiting automobile. Supposing the robbery to have occurred soon after 12 o'clock, they had hours start of the police.

Discovery was made at 8 o'clock, when a bookkeeper came to open the doors for the day's business. He notified the police. The local force of five men soon had the help of Chief Schuetter and a squad of detectives.

Pinkerton Gives Theory.

"They were not yeggmen," said Mr. Pinkerton yesterday. "It was the work of the old time bank robber, who seems to have come back to life with the aid of the oxy-acetylene torch, which offers him a means of going through the safe without being seen."

Safe manufacturers are now preparing a construction of steel and copper which will resist 8,000 degrees of heat. The torch will create 7,000 degrees, and this melts the steel used at present. I have been afraid that some of the old fellows would begin the use of the torch. They are quick to take up new mechanical devices."

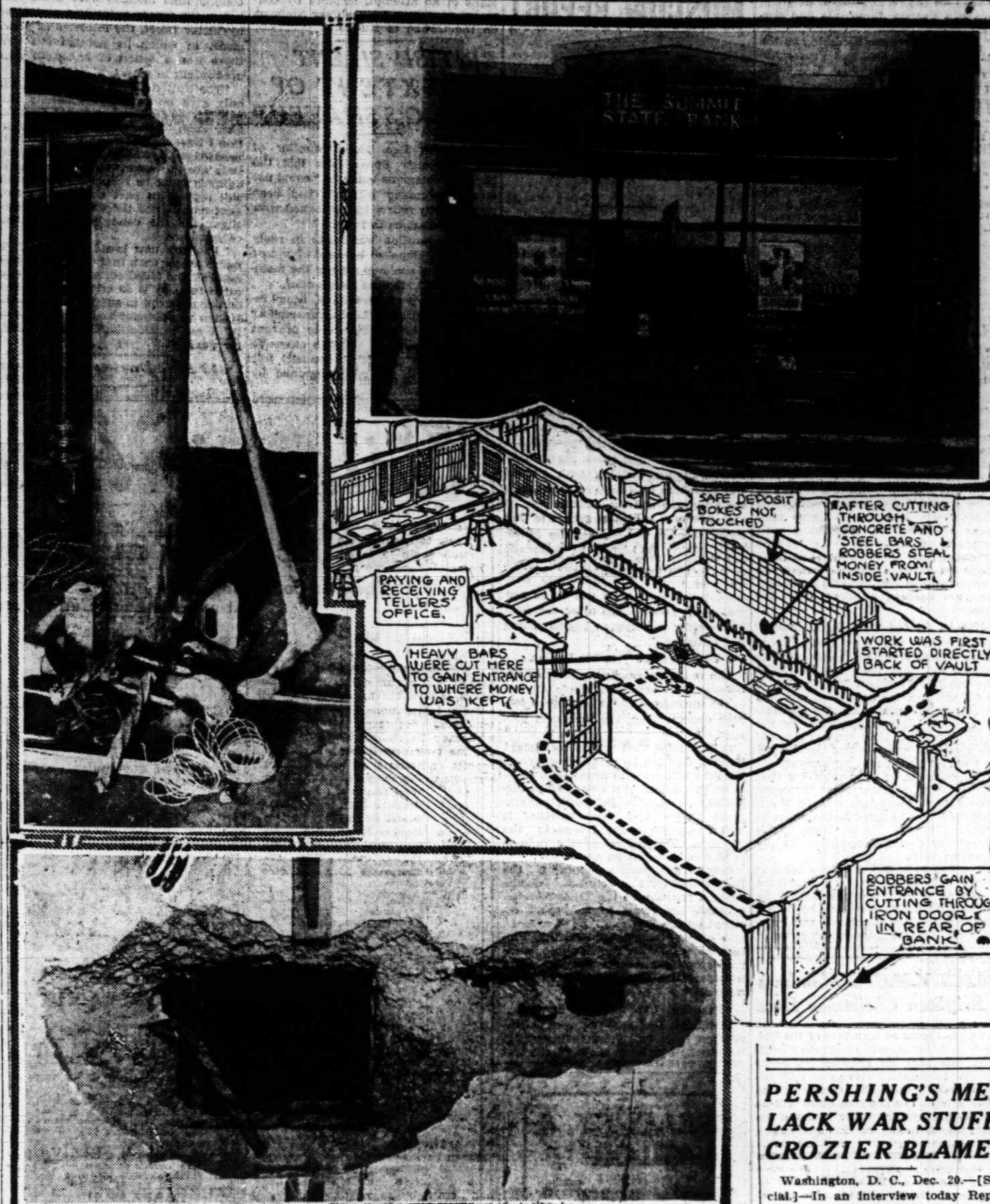
Blames Law.

Walter J. Raymer, vice president of the Northwestern Trust and Savings bank, told the members of the Bankers' club in their meeting last night that law penalties are responsible in a degree for the wave of robberies. He declared that legal ramifications judges on the bench are responsible in many cases for leniency extended toward dangerous criminals with friends."

Henry F. Eidmann of the Halsted

HOW THE SUMMIT STATE BANK WAS ROBBED

Tools Left Behind by Robbers, the Concrete Wall Through Which They Cut and Exterior and Interior Views of Building.



WAR PHOTOGRAPHS

Government Will Furnish Them to the Public Through Committee of Public Information, Washington, D. C.

THE TRIBUNE is authorized by the committee on public information in Washington to announce that official photographs of the war are available to the general public.

The collection will be supplied to any one who may desire to make a collection for framing or for insertion in albums at a price of 10 cents each as long as the cost of material permits.

The committee on public information adds that the pictures themselves will be excellent in quality and craftsmanship, 6½ x 8½ inches in size, and photographed on double weight paper.

These are actual photographs, not reproductions. Some are obtained by the signal corps of the United States army as military information to be used in planning our part of the fight, some are from the files of the French government and other from Belgium, and are authentic and official.

This Tribune from time to time reproduces pictures from these sources in its rotogravure and news sections.

For information regarding the photographs address L. E. Rubel, director of division of pictures, committee on public information, Washington, D. C.

Street Savings bank urged the introduction of uniformed police in all banks at all hours, the perfection of vault locks so none may be locked in by robbers, and also systems of electric alarms extending about the vicinity so that citizens may be called.

President Melville Traylor of the Bankers' club was authorized to appoint a committee of five to cooperate with Chief Schuetter in seeking a means of protecting the banks against further attack.

Coppers Bulk at Pumping Water for Locomotives

West Chicago reporter telephoned last night that the night police force had thrown their two hats in the ring and threatened to strike if Mayor John Blakely did not rescind his order making them pump water for the Northwestern railroad engine. The city sells the Northwestern water at 1 cent a thousand gallons.

W. Pollockson Joseph Gardner is on duty at the pump it leaves the other half of the force. George Phillips, to look after all of Main street alone. Also they have to help out the fire department, our reporter said.

At a late hour there were no further developments.

Give your boy an ulster

HE'LL be the happiest boy you ever saw if you surprise him Xmas morning with a new ulster. A big, hearty, double-breasted, military style, belt-all-round coat is just the thing boys like; parents like them, too. We've got them in every imaginable color, pattern model; every one a particularly big value at the price.

\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$30, \$35

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Money cheerfully refunded

RIFLE MAKERS PLAY CHECKERS AS U. S. DALLIES

Editor Says Inaction by the War Department Causes Delay.

[By STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.]—That expert rifle workmen were playing checkers and sleeping around a great arms plant as late as last August because the war department had held up work on American orders while blocking over unnecessary changes in rifle design, was charged before the Senate military affairs committee to Gen. Leonard Sargent, editor of the American Machinist, who has investigated government war preparations.

Colvin declared that months of delay in rifle production were caused by the insistence of the ordnance department in nonessential modifications while American soldiers were being turned into training camps with cut arms for training purposes.

Colvin also said that the war department had not yet begun production.

"They had the parts, but they were not producing rifles because all details had not been decided upon," was the reply.

No Orders Up to Aug. 24.

"Do you know when they finally got orders to proceed?"

"I do not. I know they had not up to the 24th of August."

Vice President Hanson of the Colt Manufacturing company, formerly a member of the government machine gun board, told the committee that the principal source of delay on the part of the United States was in getting into the war.

Hanson also voiced the opinion that the amount of tonnage turned out in the first six months of 1918 will be doubled in the second six months and that to the 4,000,000 tons of 1918 approximately 8,000,000 tons should be added in the first six months of 1919.

Allows Private Construction.

In a definite statement of policy the shipping board announced today that it would not discourage construction of wooden ships for private account where their building would not interfere with the government program.

Permission will continue to be given for the construction of steel cargo and passenger ships.

In granting permission for private construction of wooden ships the board will give preference to American owners. Private building of barges and tugs will be encouraged in every way possible.

PERSHING'S MEN

LACK WAR STUFF; CROZIER BLAMED

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.]—In an interview today Representative Miller of Minnesota, who has just returned from France, denied the assertion that every soldier sent to France had been adequately equipped and that no men had been held back from France because of lack of supplies.

He asserted that American soldiers

in France lack guns, clothing, and, in fact, nearly everything required by troops in the field. He placed responsibility on the shoulders of Maj. Gen. William Crozier, former chief of ordnance, and Maj. Gen. Henry C. Sharpe, former quartermaster general of the army. He demanded they be removed from the war council, recently created by Secretary Baker that army officers were not fitted for managing production of rifles and ammunition.

"Is it your opinion?" Senator Wadsworth asked. "That, had the ordnance department limited the number of interlocking parts to seven in this rifle, English rifle which has three large plants are making instead of insisting on at least forty-four, those plants could have been turning out more rifles for the army today than they are turning out?"

And Some of 'Em Sleep.

"That is unquestionable. I think," Colvin replied. "I pronounced that these offices functioning since we were pressed to test at Springfield the last of May, and up to the 24th of August, the manufacturers had not been told that

"The British ammunition would not do that," he said.

Tomorrow the committee proposes to

investigate facts that point to operations of anti-Americans in this city to hamper the Red Cross campaign.

Several of the four-minute speakers have not appeared a night or two for their assignments. The man they say they had been assigned to the committee they said they had been identified by telephone by unknown persons that their services would not be needed.

NEW VESSELS OF 11,000,000 TONS IN 2 YEARS, PLAN

Hurley Will Tell Senate That 4,000,000 Tons Are in Making.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.]—Chairman Hurley of the shipping board, who will be the first witness at the opening of the senate investigation of the shipbuilding situation, arrived with his progress is deemed satisfactory in view of the difficulties so far encountered.

Mr. Hurley's program of construction provides for the production of 11,000,000 tons of merchant ships in 1918 and 1919. He will tell the senate committee that 3,395,308 tons of shipping are now under construction or contract and that about 50 per cent of this amount represents ships upon which work is actually in progress.

Under Original Figures.

The shipping board chairman has refused so far to hazard a prediction of the amount of shipping that will be turned out in 1918, but the figures he will present to the committee show that the tonnage he expects to complete next year is in the neighborhood of 4,000,000. This is 2,000,000 tons short of the amount originally scheduled for 1918.

Mr. Hurley's figures indicate that the amount of tonnage turned out in the first six months of 1918 will be doubled in the second six months and that to the 4,000,000 tons of 1918 approximately 8,000,000 tons should be added in the first six months of 1919.

RED CROSS FOES BUSY IN GOTHAM

New York, Dec. 20.—[Special.]—The United States secret service authorities will be asked tomorrow morning to investigate facts that point to operations of anti-Americans in this city to hamper the Red Cross campaign.

Several of the four-minute speakers have not appeared a night or two for their assignments. The man they say they had been assigned to the committee they said they had been identified by telephone by unknown persons that their services would not be needed.

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tions of records to the

value of \$15.....

\$25 cash; \$15 a month.

\$215.00

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selections of records to the

value of \$20.....

\$25 cash; \$25 a month.

\$274.50

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FILM

'DISGRACE, PAY': LLOYD GEORGE TO THE KAISER

Prime Minister Says War
Goes On Until Junkers
Are Broken.

(Continued from first page.)

army had fulfilled the expectations of its general by this time the pride of the German military power would have been completely humbled.

The whole, the British campaign had not achieved the expectations formed, he said, but there had been military successes in Palestine which would have a permanent effect on the history of the world. Jerusalem, he stated, never would be restored to the Turks.

The Germans, the premier asserted, evidently referring to Cambrai, had had only one success, which was due to surprise, and this was now engaging inquiry.

German Workers Weaken.

"But we must not imagine that the enemy has not had his difficulties," he said. "We had proof of that the other day, when facts were given to us as to the deteriorated physical quality of the German workers as a result of the blockade." He added: "The British army, The German workers have so deteriorated that the output of Germany per man has gone down by something like 33 per cent, compared with the first year of the war."

"What are the prospects?" asked the premier. "France's losses, no doubt, have been serious; despite the reverses which Italy has endured, their losses are not to be compared with those of Austria, and despite the losses suffered by us, the percentage loss to the British army is not more than one-fifth or one-fifth the permanent losses endured by the Germans. If we take the reserve man power of the nations allied against Germany, it will be found to be more than twice as great as that of Germany and her allies."

Sea Losses Less.

The margin of losses at sea was narrowing, he said. The sinkings by submarines, he declared, were decreasing, while shipbuilding was increasing.

The premier said that the losses in shipping had been lighter by thousands of tons than he had estimated in his August estimate.

The premier said the sinking of submarine torpedoes. Although the merchant tonnage was down by 20 per cent, he added, the loss had been only 6 per cent of imports over that of last year.

Russia Cut Adrift.

Since Russia had entered into separate peace negotiations, Mr. Lloyd George declared, she must be responsible for the protection of her own territory, and that also disposed of any question there was about Constantinople.

"We have conquered no country where the population belonged to the governing race. We have not acquired a single yard of territory where there is a German population. With regard to the captured German colonies, the peace conference must settle about them on the principle of respecting the desires of the people of those colonies themselves. We have laid that down and we stand by it."

Congress Not Sought.

"We did not enter the war to annex a single yard of anybody's territory. We entered the war because we believed that the honor of Britain was involved in standing by her word. There must be complete restoration of the territory taken by the enemy, and compensation."

The premier declared that the war was forced upon the world by the arrogance of the military caste in Prussia, which, he added, "were prepared to overthrow their own ruler and set up another who was more in sympathy with us."

"Until the temper is broken there can never be peace in the world," he went on. "That is why we said whether it was President Wilson or Mr. Asquith—that victory was essential. It was not because it satisfied some low vindictive sense in the human nature merely to punish, but because we realized that victory was the

Kaiser to Make a New Bid for Peace Soon; Asks Russia to Put Proposals Before Allies

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—The reichstag main committee is to discuss the Russian and the general peace situation tomorrow, it was announced today.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 19.—According to press reports Russia has been informed by the central powers that they intend to make peace proposals to the allies.

This report is published in the Evening Post, which says the representatives of the central powers at the first preliminary peace conference with the Russians held yesterday announced that their governments intended on principle to put the question of peace before all the powers and that they had asked their allies to do likewise.

Russia was requested to take similar steps. It is stated the Russians are endeavoring by all means to sound the allies.

Basis for Peace Considered.

The Evening Post also says the Germans have officially informed the Bolshevik headquarters that the central powers are ready to consider the arrangement of peace on the basis of "no annexations and no indemnities," but pointed out that "self-determination" was impracticable.

The representatives of the central powers informed the Russians they were ready to discuss peace preliminaries, but desired to know the result of Russia's efforts to induce the allies to join in the negotiations before proceeding with them. They said this point of view might be changed, however, and that they might be willing to discuss peace with Russia alone.

The Germans were of the opinion that the Russian armistice might influence the other front.

The first conference was devoted

merely to a discussion of who would participate in the negotiations.

"No Annexation" Austria Says.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 20.—Austria-Hungary approves a general peace "without annexations, territories or colonies," but cannot make any decision on the peace terms.

It is agreed that the output of Germany per man has gone down by something like 33 per cent, compared with the first year of the war.

"What are the prospects?" asked the premier. "France's losses, no doubt, have been serious; despite the reverses which Italy has endured, their losses are not to be compared with those of Austria, and despite the losses suffered by us, the percentage loss to the British army is not more than one-fifth or one-fifth the permanent losses endured by the Germans. If we take the reserve man power of the nations allied against Germany, it will be found to be more than twice as great as that of Germany and her allies."

Another dispatch from Vienna says

only thing that could give reality to peace terms.

People Must be Heard.

"A league of nations, in which Germany was represented by men of Hungarian blood, held a meeting last night to hear what they thought of the peace terms. It was determined to hold a mass meeting of Americans of Hungarian birth and ancestry from all over the country at the Auditorium Jan. 27.

Former Premier Asquith, following

Mr. Lloyd George, said the primary need at this moment was ships, for which the new government must be composed of Great Britain and the United States. Everything turned on transports, he pointed out, and in every discussion on man power that must be the dominating factor.

WAR WILL FORCE U. S. TO OPERATE ROADS—PROUTY

New York, Dec. 20.—[Special.]—Government operation of the railroads was forecast by Charles A. Prouty, director of the bureau of valuation of the Interstate commerce commission, in an address to the Railroad Men's Improvement society here tonight.

"So far attempts to unify the railroads have not been satisfactory. For one, I never believed they could be," he said. "Up to the breaking out of war there had never been in England any considerable sentiment for government ownership of railroads, and yet almost the first act of war was to take them over. It was found that in no other way could the government in obtaining the service it must have."

"It has been my firm conviction from the first that unfavorable and unsatisfactory conditions would force the United States to follow England to some extent."

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ever January 1st.

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Wonderful Jewelry, Beautiful Diamonds,
Exquisite Pearls, Watches, La Vallieres,
Clocks, Ornaments, etc., etc., all at ridiculous
low prices. Everything marked in
plain figures.

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KERENSKY NOW HEADS MARCH ON MOSCOW, REPORT

the unterhaus has adopted by a small majority a resolution introduced by the Cossacks and Ruthenians in favor of general release of the members of "no annexations or indemnities" and for using Russia's good offices to convey such a proposal to the entente governments.

The Berlin correspondent of the Berliner Volkszeitung, a copy of which has been received here, says that Dr. Leon Trotsky, the former German vice chancellor, is also going to Brest-Litovsk for the peace party between the Teutonic allies and the Bolshevik government.

Poland to be an independent state under Austrian suzerainty.

"Roumania, Serbia, and Montenegro retain their original boundaries, and Servia to have the right to access to the sea."

"Turkey to remain intact." Disarmament, freedom of the seas, and commerce to be left to the determination of the general peace conference.

May Make Concessions.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—A dispatch from Stockholm says that the Bolsheviks have given the allies two months in which to join in the "general peace" they propose, according to a speech by Leon Trotsky, foreign minister, which reached here today.

"We do not promise to conclude a peace," the Bolshevik leader declared. "We are not able to make any concessions for two years in the interest of the French bourgeoisie and English imperialism. History will condone a separate peace."

Members of the right (middle conservative) parties formed a majority in the peasants' meeting. They flatly refused to permit the Bolshevik foreign minister to speak. Trotsky tried several times, but could not make himself heard above the uproar. Then he left the hall. When he left a group of adherents followed, and it was to them he spoke, in another room from that in which the congress was meeting.

MERELY PROPAGANDA."

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—[Special.] It looks like German propaganda.

This is the way a high administrative official characterized the purported "German peace terms" which reached Washington today through neutral diplomatic channels.

There is said to be nothing particularly new in the outline of "Christian peace terms." The state department knows nothing "officially" about these so-called peace terms.

Here are Latest Terms.

They are reported to include the following:

"To leave the disposition of Alsace-Lorraine to a plebiscite of the inhabitants."

"England to pay Germany for its lost African colonies and the money to

be included in a peace agreement."

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ATTACK BEGUN ON COSTELLO'S STORY

**CONVICTION OR
FREEDOM RESTS
WITH WITNESS**

New Graft Facts Bared by
Confessed Chief of
Syndicate.

The crucial point of the Healey-Barry-Skidmore graft trial was reached in Judge Sabath's court yesterday afternoon when the attorneys for the defense took Thomas Costello, self-admitted head of the city's biggest police grafting and state's star witness, for cross-examination.

"As Costello goes, the case goes," was the statement made by many persons who have followed the hearing through its weeks of evidence. If the witness weakens his testimony in cross-examination the former chief and his two co-defendants, are certain of acquittal, the trial observers believe. If his story remains unbroken after it is pounded by the attacks of the defense attorneys, the defendants will face a hard battle to avoid conviction.

Costello is Bantered.

It was late in the afternoon before Costello finished his direct testimony, the telling of which had been nearly three hours. Attorney Charles H. Eberle, counsel for William R. Skidmore and Sergt. Stephen J. Barry, began the

cross-examination.

The lawyer carried a filing case filled with indictments and a stack of papers to the extreme end of the jury box. From that vantage point he prefaced his interrogations with a bantering speech that rang loudly, he replying in answers and please don't try to explain your replies.

Costello wore the air of a man braced for an ordeal and the lawyer used the hour before adjournment in apparent efforts to disconcert and embarrass him. He drew from the file he carried copies of the thirty-two indictments pending in the Criminal court against Costello. He questioned him about fifty incidents and every third or fourth question recited one of the more charges. He used some of Costello's telephone expressions frequently in urging Costello to "yes and no" him during the examination.

License Activities Revealed.

Mr. Erbstein, in his brief time of cross-examination, brought out the new facts that Costello had been in telephone communication with Skidmore several months after Costello was taken into custody by the state's attorney's men; that Costello with "Mike DePike" Heitler and others had tried to organize a vice resort trust through the West Side Business Men's association back in 1910, and showed that he was an old friend of former Police Inspector Nicholas Hunt. The defense claim is that Hunt and Heitler "framed" the case against the defendants.

It also was indicated by the line of questioning that the defense has evidence to show that the state's star witness has had some experience in the arranging for the restoration of revoked saloon licenses aside from those to which he testified on direct examination. It is likely that Mr. Erbstein and his co-counsel, John J. Healy and George O'Donnell, will call him more than a day in cross-examination.

Costello's final direct testimony given yesterday referred almost entirely to the tapped wire telephone conversations in which he took part. He identified a hundred wire talks, most of them, he testified, between himself and the former chief. Some of them were with Skidmore, he said. There were parts of some of the conversations which Costello refused to identify and some of the less important ones he said he did not recall at all.

Warned Skidmore of "Frameup."

His explanations of many of the terms used by the alleged syndicate trust brought new graft disclosures that had not been touched upon in other direct testimony. A new fact was that he suspected Sergt. Barry and warned Skidmore that Barry was likely to tip the graft secrets to Hunt and from Hunt they might reach the

PLEASANTRIES

What Alleged Members of Graft Syndicate Think of Each Other—Now.

ONE year ago, according to the state's attorney's office, six men were bound together by the closest of ties—all being members of what has been termed Chicago's greatest police bribery extortion trust. They included Thomas Costello, business manager and former Chief of Police Charles C. Healy, Capt. Lieutenant Martin White, Detective Sergeant Stephen J. Barry, William R. Skidmore, saloonkeeper and politician, and "Mike de Pike" Heitler, operator of gambling houses and resorts.

Today, with the final witness of the prosecution in the Healey-Barry-Skidmore graft trial on the witness stand, the attitude of the Syndicate Six toward each other may be summarized as follows:

THOMAS COSTELLO.—The world's champion liar. Healey, Barry, and Skidmore.

PROMER CHIEF HEALEY.—Used his whole police department

"north side" meaning the state's attorney.

The wire talks between Costello and Healey covered almost every conceivable subject that had to do with police political affairs in which the former chief was interested.

W. R. SKIDMORE.—Not to be trusted alone with the money at the time of a split up.—Costello.

"A card."—Chief Healey.

"MIKE DE PIKE" HEITLER.—"Trimmed me out of \$30 in the Collins saloon license restoration fee."—Costello.

"I never told him my business."—Heitler.

Hunt.—Observations cannot be received, as he is in a cell in the Federal prison at Leavenworth.

you have told this jury about? A—Yes.

Q.—You were interested in a hotel in Kensington with him, were you not? A—No.

Q.—Were you interested with Hyman in a race track at Porter, Ind.? A—Yes.

Q.—Did you have a book there? A—Yes.

Q.—Did Nicholas Hunt have an interest in that book? A—No, sir.

Indicted for Bribery.

Q.—Do you know that indictment No. 10449, charging bribery, bail \$6,000, is pending against you? A—I don't know.

Q.—You never knew you were indicted on these charges? A—I know I was indicted on a lot of them, but I didn't know just what they were, except for bribery.

Erbstein advanced a step toward the witness and shouted: "Are you guilty?"

"Yes," Costello replied.

"Will you plead guilty in this open court and take a sentence?" Mr. Erbstein asked.

Prosecutor Johnston was on his feet with objections before the question was finished, and Judge Sabath sustained him. Erbstein then resumed his examination.

Turned His Back on Hunt.

Q.—When did you see Capt. Hunt last? A—In the state's attorney's office last January.

Q.—Did you have a conversation with him? A—He spoke to me.

Q.—Now, you never talked to Stephen Barry in your life, did you? A—No.

Q.—You never saw him until you saw him in this court room, did you? A—I don't think so.

Q.—You liked Billy Skidmore, didn't you? A—He's a very nice fellow.

Q.—You don't like to hurt him? A—I don't like to hurt anybody.

Has to Testify.

Q.—Then why are you testifying against him here? A—Because I have to.

Q.—Are you testifying against your wife? A—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know Mrs. Wagner? A—Yes.

Q.—Is she at the flat at 3813 Grand Boulevard where you are kept in custody? A—No, she was there a year ago.

Q.—Do you know that at the January term of court you were indicted for bribery (reading from indictment)? A—Yes.

Q.—Have you ever given bond? A—No.

Q.—Have you ever been tried? A—I don't know.

Q.—Do you know Nicholas Hunt? A—Yes, for thirty years.

Q.—Have you been in his office? A—Yes.

Was Hyman's Partner.

Q.—Did you see Lieut. Martin White there on Dec. 23, 1916? A—No, sir.

Q.—Ever seen him there at any time? A—Not that I recall.

Q.—Do you know Ben Hyman? A—Yes, sir.

Q.—Do you know Harry Broslask? A—Yes.

Q.—Were you ever in business with them? A—No, sir.

Q.—Were you ever in any business with Michael Heitler other than what

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NATIONS AT WAR GIVE ALL SIDES OF THE FIGHTING

Official Reports Issued by
Capitals Show Moves
in Campaigns.

ITALIAN FRONT

GERMAN.
BERLIN, Dec. 19.—[Delayed.] Repeated Italian counter attacks against our newly won positions on Monte Persica were repulsed. Between Tomba Ridge and the Plave, on both sides of Montello, there were lively artillery duels.

Between the Brenta and the Plave since Dec. 11 we took prisoner 270 Italian officers and 9,120 men.

ITALIAN.
ROME, Dec. 20.—Between the Brenta and the Plave, after artillery preparation for a long time, the enemy attacked yesterday afternoon on Monte Tasson Col Del Orso, but was completely driven back, suffering severe losses. A detachment which later attempted to storm Hill 1,601 of Monte Solaredo was promptly repelled by our fire.

In the Conca valley the enemy, employing much artillery, attacked yesterday, but did not succeed in occupying it.

FRENCH FRONT

BRITISH.
LONDON, Dec. 20.—The enemy raided one of our patrols this morning northeast of Hargicourt and under cover of fog succeeded in capturing one of our advanced posts east of Massenes. Other hostile raiding parties attempted to approach our lines during the day northeast of Armentieres and north of the Menin road, but were driven off by our fire. We captured a few prisoners and a machine gun.

A few other prisoners were taken and many casualties inflicted on the enemy in the course of patrol encounters last night southeast of Cambrai. Our own and the enemy's artillery was active today in the Bullecourt sector. The hostile artillery has shown increased activity southeast of Ypres.

DAY STATEMENT.

A raid attempted by the enemy last night southeast of Laveyrie was repulsed by Portuguese troops. Except for hostile artillery activity in the neighborhood of Passchendaele, there is nothing further to report.

AVIATION.

Good work was done in the air on Monday by Australian pilots. Two of them, who were attacked by many hostile scouts, when employed on artillery work, succeeded in bringing down one of the enemy's machines in our lines and dispersed the remainder.

On Tuesday a thick haze again limited flying to the northern part of the front. There a great deal of artillery

TEUTON ATTACKS IN ITALY



forces were repulsed on all parts of the mountain line, except in the zone of Monte Asolone.

3—Rome reports repulse of Austro-German forces in attempt to cross the Vecchia Plave in advance toward Venice.

attempted against our positions at Gluckerveld, southwest of Attikrich.

AVIATION.
Yesterday German airplanes dropped bombs in the region of Dunkirk and Calais. Four persons were killed and ten wounded.

DAY STATEMENT.
There was moderate artillery activity along the front last night. There were no infantry actions.

Macedonian Front

FRANC.
PARIS, Dec. 20.—In the neighborhood of Lake Doiran the artillery activity was quite marked. British troops carried out a raid and captured some prisoners. In the region of the lake Russian troops dispersed enemy reconnaissances.

GERMAN.
BERLIN, Dec. 19.—[Delayed.] On both sides of the Vardar there was lively artillery fighting.

SUPPLEMENTARY

GERMAN.
BERLIN, Dec. 20.—Repeated Italian attacks against Monte Asolone and newly captured positions adjoining to the west and east, failed.

Special Vessel Arrives with Gifts for Soldiers

A FRENCH PORT. Dec. 20.—A special ship carrying 20,000 sacks of Christmas mail for the American troops arrived today from the United States. The army postoffice has fifty special freight cars and an extra heavy detail of men here to handle the mail, which will be rushed to twenty branch postoffices, whence it will be distributed on or before Christmas day.

ALLIES SETTLE ON PLAN FOR USE OF TRANSPORTS

PARIS, Dec. 18.—[Delayed.] Close cooperation in utilizing means of maritime transport has been realized by the allies, says an official note issued here today, supplementing the statement made at the time the interallied conference concluded its sessions here. It was announced at that time that the allies had decided to create an organization for coordination of maritime activities, and today's statement says this council has been created, consisting of representatives of the United States, France, Great Britain, and Italy.

The council will draw up schedules for the division of tonnage in accordance with the needs of each country for food supplies and war purposes. A board will be created in each country to determine the amount of the tonnage placed at the disposal of that nation.

The French board will be composed of Etienne Clementel, minister of communications; Louis Loucheur, minister of munitions; Victor Boret, minister of provisions; M. Vilgrain, undersecretary for provisions; M. Jeanneney, undersecretary for war; M. Lemery, undersecretary for mercantile marine; M. Sargent, undersecretary for finance.

It is considered not unlikely that many of the Russian soldiers now in France and virtually without a country may follow the lead of their officers.

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Press the department was necessary owing to the rapid expansion of the American forces.

M. Cambron today told the Associated Press that the department was necessary owing to the rapid expansion of the American forces.

Tobey had served Lamp of fine St. Jago mahogany, with a bunchful silk shade of our own design.

Yesterday in Teutons were with the exception of Monte Asolone, a slight advantage of prisoners to the Germans.

The terrible was illustrated by prisoners. They were frustrated in their assistance to the Teutons.

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ITALIANS STOP FOE ATTACKS IN ALL DAY BATTLE

Huge Teuton Loss: Rome;
Nearly 9,000 Enemies
Captured: Berlin.

ENGAGED
Daughter of Former President
Cleveland Is to Marry Captain
of the Coldstream Guards.



Miss Esther Cleveland

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Once more Austro-Germans have hurled their forces against the Italian lines on the Tassoni-Caldi Orsi front, between the Brenta and Piave rivers and again they have been stopped with heavy losses.

Yesterday in an all day battle the regiments were hurled back at all points with the exception of a sector in the Monte Asolone zone, where they gained a slight advantage, but lost a number of prisoners to the Italians.

Attempts to cross the Vechia Piave were frustrated by the Italians with the assistance of floating batteries. The terrific intensity of the battle is illustrated by testimony of Austrian prisoners. They declare they are driven to the attack by a barrage fire of their own artillery, put behind attacking waves and constantly moving forward. The Austrians must advance or be wiped out by their own guns.

9,000 Prisoners, Berlin Claim.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—Repeated Italian attacks against the positions recently captured by the Austro-Germans on Monte Pericla were repulsed yesterday, the German general staff announced today. Since Dec. 11 the Germans have taken nearly 9,000 prisoners in the fighting between the Brenta and Piave rivers.

Guns Bear on Bassano.

(By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Dec. 20.—The situation in the northern fighting zone has assumed a more serious aspect with the enemy's occupation of Monte Asolone, separated from the plains by a stretch of hills about seven miles west of Bassano four miles further on.

The enemy's heavy guns already have the range beyond Bassano, which lies on the Venetian plain near the entrance to the Brenta valley, and while the city itself has not been shelled, occasional projectiles have fallen in the outskirts and some have passed over the city to the suburbs beyond.

The reports show that the enemy is employing seventeen divisions in its operations between the Brenta and Piave rivers. Of these, six are certainly and nine probably German.

"Must Give All in War."

ROME, Dec. 20.—All the property we possess individually and nationally must be consecrated to the war," Minister of the Treasury Nitti declared in making his annual statement to the chamber of deputies yesterday. "The people must be convinced of this solid fact. They must also economize, must get along with the least possible, must subscribe to the war loans, and must understand that whoever fails to credit the government will, among other things, automatically increase the amount of paper money, increase the cost of living, and decrease the value of Italy's money abroad."

"The great faith that Italy's people have in her future is shown by the fact that the savings deposits have increased 1,500,000 lire during the last year, and there is also plenty of capital available for private industry."

"We are now enduring trying hours and others are coming, but they will be met with the spirit of sacrifice."

**NEW RULES OUT
FOR COMPUTATION
OF TAXES TO U.S.**

Are Designed to Eliminate
Much Unnecessary
Accounting.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—Internal Revenue Collector Roper tonight issued a series of rulings designed to eliminate much unnecessary accounting and other interference with normal business. The new rules affect excess profits and income taxes and, in many cases, to reduce materially the amount of tax to be paid. The rulings, based on recommendations of the excess profits advisory committee and approved by Secretary McAdoo, in substance are as follows:

Partnerships and individuals are permitted to deduct reasonable salaries for the partners or the individual before figuring excess profits on the business.

A partnership may deduct pay given to a partner as interest on a bona fide loan.

A partner in his individual capacity is not subject to excess profits taxes on his share of profits except at the 8 per cent rate on profits exceeding \$6,000, applicable to businesses with no capital or only nominal capital.

Alternative for Taxpayer.

A taxpayer need not go to the trouble of reporting his pre-war earnings if he is content to accept the minimum 7 per cent reduction in calculating excess profits taxes.

Stocks, bonds, and other evidences of indebtedness are to be considered tangible property included in "invested capital" in estimation of excess profits.

Bonus payments to employees may be deducted from gross income in figuring income taxes, except when the payments are proportional to any investments the employees may have in the business, in which case the payments are to be considered in the nature of distribution of profits rather than payments for service rendered.

Excluded to Feb. 1.

Another ruling extends from Jan. 1 to Feb. 1, the time in which corporations may file income and excess profits tax returns on the basis of their fiscal year. Others will be issued soon.

Defining "invested capital" on which excess profits are computed, Senator Reed holds that "intangible property" mentioned in the law as included in invested capital shall refer only to such elements as good will, trade marks, and other kinds of property specifically enumerated in the same clause. Stocks, bonds, bills, and accounts receivable, and notes and other evidences of indebtedness, are construed as tangible property, an element of invested capital.

The internal revenue bureau issued instructions to collectors and brewers carrying out terms of President Wilson's proclamation restricting the alcohol content of beer to 2% per cent next year, and the use of grain for malt liquors to 70 per cent of the quantity consumed this year. Every brewer must obtain a special license from revenue collectors under these regulations by Jan. 1.

Held for MEATLESS DAY FIGHT.

Emmett and Joseph Green, brothers, 4738 West Division street, were arrested yesterday at the Maxwell street court on charges of assault. They are accused of attacking and beating Chinaman, 2740 West Harrison street, because he refused to serve them meat on "meatless day." They were arrested on the 1st of November, for killing Antonio Carugati, a Joliet bartender.

COURT ORDERS HANGING.

Joliet, Ill., Dec. 20.—Vincent DiStefano must die on the gallows March 1, according to a decision returned today by the Supreme Court, for killing Antonio Carugati, a Joliet bartender.

MAKE TOWN TOO HOT FOR SEIDEL

Theresa, Wisc., Dec. 20.—Former Mayor Emil Seidel of Milwaukee, who

had come here tonight to deliver an ad-

dress at a public massmeeting on socialism, found Main street crowded

with loyalists who avowed their intention of making him salute the flag.

Seidel left. Instead of the Socialists massmeeting the crowd held a loyalty meeting.

COURT ORDERS HANGING.

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**GIVE HIM A
CAPPER & CAPPER
CANE OR
SWAGGER STICK
FOR CHRISTMAS**

(A Happy Thought)



**GIVE HIM A
CAPPER & CAPPER
CANE OR
SWAGGER STICK
FOR CHRISTMAS**

\$5 to \$75

Regarding other gifts have you forgotten hose? The Copper & Capper qualities are 50c to \$4 per pair.

Open Evenings till Xmas

Capper & Capper

MICHIGAN AVE. at MONROE ST.
and SHERMAN HOTEL

LONDON
CHICAGO
DETROIT
MINNEAPOLIS

NO SLACKER
Young Man Submits to Sixth
Operation So That He May
Enlist in U. S. Service.



Arthur L. Colley
PHOTO BY DAGUERRE

**FORMER FRENCH
PREMIER DENIES
BEING TRAITOR**

Caillaux, in Speech to the
Deputies, Defends His
Actions in Italy.

**LIEGE DEFENDER
QUIT CAPTIVITY**

ZURICH, Switzerland, Dec. 20.—Gen. Leman, the Belgian officer who commanded the Liege forts when the Germans invaded Belgium, arrived here today.

He was met at the station by the Belgian military attaché, the French and British consuls, and a number of compatriots, among whom were several interned soldiers who had fought under him in the Liege garrison.

Gen. Leman in talking with the British consul said:

"I have undergone three years' cap-

tivity, but I have had two faithful

companions which I bring back with me to Switzerland—Hope and Faith."

AUTOMOBILE VICTIM DIES.

George McCormick, of 1408 Washington boulevard, died yesterday afternoon after being struck by an automobile Tuesday.

McCormick, 46, was admitted to the Cook county hospital.

"Police asked that

McCormick continued so they might identify the car.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."

To get the genuine, call for full name.

LAWTON'S BROMO QUININE.

Look for signature of E. W. GROVE.

Cure a Cold in One Day.

Patent Medicine—Advertisement

**\$600,000 PAY
GOES TO JACKIES
AT LAKES TODAY**

Ten thousand sailors are planning to leave the station tomorrow. The railroads are preparing added accommodations.

An announcement was made by Lieut.

De Witt C. Ramsey that \$750,000 will

be spent in enlarging Camp Perry into

the largest training camp of the avia-

tion school of the naval station.

It is hoped to start the school in January

with 2,500 recruits.

Service Gifts



For the boys "over there," in
camp, cantonment, or afloat.

**Here are holiday gift
suggestions that they will
really appreciate, because of
the real need and utility they
offer.**

Fitted Rolls intelligently ap-
pointed with the most needed
and useful toilet articles, \$3.00
to \$20.00.

Regulation Army Trunks of
most durable construction, \$11.

Luggage Shop, Fifth Floor.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
The Store for Mens and Boys Xmas Gifts

Palmer House Corner

**GIFTS
FROM
SHAYNE**

Gloves

MARK CROSS,
London, gloves have that
touch of superiority and quality
everyone admires. Decades of glove
leadership make them highly prized
as gifts, whether for man or woman.

\$2.50

and Higher

Neckwear

NECKWEAR expressing
the sentiment of the giver—scarves
of exquisite design and quality—
usual SHAYNE standards for men
who demand the best.

Arranged for
easy selection.

\$1.00

and Higher

Handkerchiefs

YEARS of cus-
tom have put
the handkerchief
first when gifts are
mentioned. Here
at SHAYNE one
may find a wide
assortment and
exclusive display
of handkerchiefs.

35c--50c--\$1
and Higher

JOHN T. SMAYNE & CO.

Palmer House Corner

DEVOE
14-16 W. Lake Street

Holiday suggestions
for Artists,
Teachers, Students
and Children.

**Boxes containing
oil, water and
china colors.
Brushes and other
accessories. Mod-
eling Outfits;**

Colored Crayons, Books
for coloring, Easels,
Drawing Tables, Blocks
and Tablets of Paper,
Fountain Pens, Mottoes,
decorated or plain, White
China, etc.

We should like to have
you visit our first floor
salesroom and make your
selections, but phone
orders will bring you what
you want.

Phone Randolph 4628.
Ask for Local 47.

DEVOE

Lake Street near State

Elevated or surface cars will
bring you to our door.

Advertise in The Tribune.

**Decide Today Upon a Gift
from Kimball's**

Music is the spirit of Christmas, and the world renowned Kimball Pianos and Phonographs are mediums of its perfect expression. Assure to yourself and loved ones a joyous Christmas, and the permanent pleasure and benefit of music, by a gift of one of these superb instruments.

**KIMBALL
PLAYER
PIANOS**

Perfect as Pianos
Perfect as Players

\$475 to \$700

On terms that satisfy



**KIMBALL
UPRIGHT
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The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 19, 1867.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 19, 1868, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1871.

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1917.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

THE RAILROADS AND CONGRESS.

If it was not the purpose of the extremists in the house and senate to hamper or interfere with the prosecution of the war, they have nevertheless succeeded in doing that very thing. At a time when the nation must place especial reliance on congress, at a time when all elements of the population are vitally concerned in legislative enactments, the radicals and fanatics have given congress a bad odor. War problems are so great and so intricate that only careful, intelligent study will suffice for their solution. Thanks to the extremists, however, congress has been forced to approach most of these problems emotionally instead of scientifically.

In the case of the railroads we are witnessing an extraordinary development. The railroads imperatively need both legislative and financial relief if they are adequately to serve our war purposes; they need relief that only congress can grant. But after making certain tentative proposals in this direction, and after the interstate commerce commission officially recommended the very remedies the officials had in mind, the railroads' war board announced they were no longer interested in pushing the matter and would be content with whatever rate increases could be obtained through the usual channels.

Without professing any "inside" knowledge, we are sure it is no exaggeration to say that the railroad officials were moved to make this announcement because they were afraid of congress. They would rather continue to operate under unfavorable conditions than take a chance on the political emotionalism which was sure to develop under the instigation of the radicals. In view of the recent activities of these radicals, we can hardly accuse the railroads of consulting their selfish interest in their reluctance to submit to this kind of dictation.

But the railroad question has already got into congress, and there is little chance to prevent action of some sort. In these circumstances it is doubtful whether the railroad officials are as afraid as the radicals are of being held aloof. The radicals are almost certain to make a fight for confiscation under the guise of government ownership, and there can be no virtue in surrendering the field in advance.

The interstate commerce commission has recommended a constructive railroad policy, and while it is unfortunate that certain elements in congress will endeavor to prevent a sane and reasonable consideration of that policy, there is apparently no good reason why the railroads or any one else should fail to support it.

WHAT THEY EXPECT OF US.

"Every new gun is a step nearer victory. There can't be too many of them. I am sure the losses in the American army will be surprisingly small, for we have been given to understand they will have more guns behind them than any other army in the war. Putting the guns behind them will prove infinitely better than the most ideal trenches."

The guns in the American artillery will surely cut down the number of American flags which will wave over little patches of sod on the battlefields of France when the war is over."

These sentences are taken from the letter of an American boy in the French service, written to a friend in America. We wish it could be framed and hung up in the ordnance bureau at Washington.

They are told over there that the American soldiers will have more guns behind them than any other army. Today our troops are drawing from the resources of the French, already too small, for machine guns and seventy-fives. This week, we learn—more than nine months after we entered the war—the first big gun has been turned out in America for our own men.

How many of those little flags are going to wave on the battlefields of France because we waited till war came before we began to prepare?

RUSSIA'S THREAT TO DEMOCRACY.

The damage the Bolsheviks do to the cause of democracy may not be so much military as political. They may not be felt so much in the war as after it. Liberalism may be losing the fight of a generation in Russia.

The wolf and sheep peace Germany is arranging with Russia, which is merely postponing a dinner until after a fight, not only increases the hazards of the democratic armies and multiplies the sacrifices of democratic peoples but it arouses among these peoples distrust of popular movements.

It will be astonishing if Toryism is not strengthened in Great Britain and the United States by the irresponsible Russian escapades in freedom. Toryism is frightened now, not so much here as in Great Britain, but it is bound to be strengthened by the instinctive shrinking of the average citizen from ideas with which he is not intellectually in sympathy.

The inertia of the mass of citizenship is the greatest obstacle in the way of liberalizing processes and it is the greatest protection of autocratic governments. As inertia it generally is timid and if radicalism presents strange changes in habit and procedure, in treatment of personal and property rights, the mass of citizenship is alarmed.

This is true of a citizenship such as that of Great Britain and the United States, in which the mass has property consciousness. In Russia the active mass now has only property appetite to which radicalism may cater or promise catering.

American and British citizenship is not tainted by proposals of community control of property or privilege. The mass prefers the opportunities which are open in fact or in theory to the individual. Russian excesses in experiment are bound to produce alarm not only in the aristocratic classes of a nation such as Great Britain but in the political mass which can control if it gets sufficiently stirred.

The naivete of the Russian radicals promises only failure in the social experiments which are in the extremist program. Masses of people whose cupidity has been aroused without intelligence to restrain it do not offer material for successful social experiment.

The democracies which are fighting Germany will not only be exasperated by the troubles the Russian revolution has imposed upon them, by the

additional burdens they are forced to carry and the additional sacrifices they are forced to make, but they will be alarmed by the radicalism to which Russia has been subjected and by the failures resulting from the experiments.

This is a reasonable forecast and if events sustain it the almost inevitable result will be a confusion of liberalism with radicalism and a reaction toward Toryism in the democracies resulting from the experiments.

WE DO MOVE.

The ceremonies marking the opening of the new Twelfth street were intimation of the progress Chicago makes with small-like pace in the execution of its city plan. There is progress, even if it be so slow as to be almost imperceptible in any of its processes. Against official indifference and public inertia it requires tremendous energy on the part of the animated minority, or the part of the small body of citizenship which plans and works.

The unfairness of the official and public attitude towards the work which is carried forward for common benefits must be accepted, evidently, as one of the obstacles to be overcome. If Chicago ever reclaims itself it will be by a tour de force executed by a few citizens, and the mass of citizenship will not be aware that the work was going on until it is done.

A community consciousness of the need and community interest in the work would result in official cooperation and possibly, therefore, in reasonable progress. Efforts to arouse that consciousness make little headway.

WATSON, HERE IS SOMETHING A LITTLE OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

A good home for lady who will care for an elderly woman over 80, that has been deserted by only daughter that died young. Songs and hymns. If patriotic and not a career seeker, apply at 42 Cutler St., Money at home.

THIS column is pillaged so shamelessly that you might think we didn't care when a contemporary was bolded; but we do. So, having traced the jingle, "My Tuesdays are measles," to its source, we credit Will M. Crosby of the New York Star.

When Did She Go Over the Top?

From the Herald, Ill., Independent.

An example of the seal shown by the Red Cross ladies, who are knitting for the soldiers. Mrs. Lou Graff of Elkhorn resolved to knit a pair of socks in a day and accomplish the feat.

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We have taken steps to equip members of congress with sufficient intelligence to enable them to distinguish one end of a gun from the other?

LLOYD GEORGE always has something to say, and usually it is of an encouraging nature.

SHOW THIS TO YOUR PLUMBER. IT MAY AMUSE HIM.

From the Dealer Herald.

Frozen Water Meters. Repairing a specialty. Not a plumber, therefore prices reasonable. C. W. Brewer.

"THE world," announces the enraptured press agent, "possesses three great violinists, Ysaye, Kreisler, and Zimbalist." Eugene Ysaye, the Belgian artist, is regarded by critics as the equal of his colleagues and his score is held up as the peer of both." Any attempt to improve on that would utterly ruin it.

A TRIP TO TOYLAND.
For Our Youngest Readers.

At there was a sign on the gym door, "Don't Knock, Walk In." I didn't and did, and discovered Santa Claus hard at work punching a card and steaming from the exercise. He nodded to me and ran behind a partition, and a loud splash announced a cold plunge. Presently he reappeared, wrapped in a dressing-gown, and indicated a readiness to be interviewed.

"Training for fight?" I asked.

"No," said he, "but to get down the narrow chimney hole, I must go down the narrow chimney hole since the first of November, and expect to get down to 110 by Christmas. It's a struggle. I can tell you. Ever notice that the houses with the biggest chimneys get the biggest presents? I pass up a great many houses altogether, especially those with imitation fireplaces and fake logs. Why, a squirrel couldn't get through some of them. I'm an old-fashioned chap, and I like old-fashioned chimneys."

"And old-fashioned methods of transportation, eh?"

"Yes. Of course the comic artists and other picture people are still around, but the stock yards. The score for freeodom from odors is therefore not a point

in favor of the animals."

How about gifts this year? I suppose they war has modified your activity?"

"It has modified the character and the distribution of gifts. I shall, of course, visit the very little children as usual; older ones have shown a spirit of cooperation, and have written me that they shant expect much this year, but will I please leave an extra supply in the countries that have suffered most from the war. I'll take them at their word, as the lesson of sacrifice cannot be learned too early in life. Another lesson which I have learned too late in life is that, as I shall distribute a great many Thrift certificates and Liberty bonds."

"How about the children who don't believe in Santa Claus? Do you leave anything for them?"

"Of course. In an age of skepticism you can't expect children to escape the germs of unbelief; and you can't quarantine them. Some day they'll learn different—when they have children of their own. When I get around to the stocking of a boy or girl who doesn't believe in Santa Claus, I put a big English walnut in the toe."

"THE coal supply may be conserved by burning waste matter," says Mr. Weaver. As, for example, the Congressional Record.

"AUTO Robbers Attack Musician, but Fall to His Cash."

Find the superfluous word in the foregoing.

IN THE SWIM.

(Franklin, Pa., Item.)

Mack Fish of Central City was in attendance at the oyster supper Friday night.

"MEMBERS of the cow testing association have been able to get better prices for their offspring," Agricultural report.

Is Mr. Claude Boessie of Omaha a member of the association?

TYPEWRITER AVersions.

Lutetian I can never spell.

Correctly on my "mill."

Lutetian? THAT does not look well!

I let do worse still.

Lutetian?—It is wrong throughout!

Not 'cause it's hard or long;

But I seem bound to leave 'u' out

Or else put 'u' in wrong!

I should stop here, but want to add

While I am doing penance

For putting 'u' in wrong!

There are no eight Lutetians!

MAC.

REPORTS state that Gen. Maude is still pursuing the Turks.—East Chicago Press.

Through the seventh heaven?

B. B. F.

(From the Indianapolis Freeman.)

Wife wanted. Would like one with small capital for business. References exchanged. Mr. William Lawrence, Ashland, O.

"THEN," writes E. S. G., "there is Frieda of the Fair, who wrote it on her sales-check, '1 Joan's Arc 49 cents'."

Mrs. T. M. Waller is shown in the picture, taken by her horse.—El Paso Times.

Quicke educated equine!

MEATLESS days have saved tons of food. And no one is a pennyweight the worse.

Quicke the Kaiser—

Restoration is vexation.

Compensation is as bad.

Lloyd George he perplexes me.

And Wilson drives me mad.

PEACE is on the bargain counter, but there is no rush.

M. J. T.

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A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How is the Line, 1st the quip fall where they may.

THE PACIFIST.

Speak gentle to the pacifist,
And do not mind his drive;
He's really very fond of war—
Provided it be civil.

The pacifist is keen to fight;
To say he's not is idle;
He cannot get enough of strife—
If it be fratricidal.

His right hand carries gentle peace
For foreign folk who vex us,
But with his left he loves to jab
His brother's solar plexus.

For liberty of every kind
A passion he discloses,
And dearly hates all tyranny—
Save that which he imposes.

He loves to lash his fellow-cit
And purge his soul of error.
He constitutes the rank and file
In every Reign of Terror.

"KNITTING is not a proper substitute for thinking," says Prof. Zuelbin. Not even, we might suppose, knitting the brows, which is a common method of simulating thought.

WATSON, HERE IS SOMETHING A LITTLE OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

A good home for lady who will care for an elderly woman over 80, that has been deserted by only daughter that died young. Songs and hymns. If patriotic and not a career seeker, apply at 42 Cutler St., Money at home.

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CHICAGO REVIVES PLANS TO GREET BOYS FROM CAMP

Free Theaters, Band Concerts, and Other Events Are Arranged.

Chicago will have an organized welcome for the Camp Grant soldiers after all. The reception program abandoned for several days was revived yesterday when it was officially announced that about 12,000 of the soldiers would be given holiday leaves.

Ald. W. F. Lippes, chairman of the executive committee having charge of the entertainment, announced yesterday, following a meeting of the committee, that the original reception program would be adhered to.

Plan for Reception.

This is: Bands will serenade the soldiers on their arrival at the various railroad stations tomorrow afternoon and evening.

Free automobiles will be supplied for hundreds of the soldiers.

Sunday afternoon the soldiers will be the guests of Lawrence Heyworth and the woman's committee, Illinois state council of defense, at the "Toyland" exhibition at the Coliseum.

Free theater tickets, plus war tax, will be supplied at most of the theaters. This includes all unsold seats for Monday afternoon and evening performances.

Entertainment for the soldiers and their families at Coliseum Christmas night. Samuel Insull, chairman of the state council for defense, will be chairman. Mayor Thompson and Gov. Lowden may attend.

Proclamation by Mayor.

Mayor Thompson will issue a proclamation today asking that all homes and places of business be decorated.

The reception is not to be confined to the army. Any of the navy boys who are in Chicago will enjoy the same share in the city's hospitality.

POSTPONE NEXT ARMY CALL; EQUIP TROOPS FIRST

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Washington, Dec. 20.—[Special.]—As a result of discussions of lack of guns and clothing in army camps and the alarming epidemic conditions prevailing in six of the camps, consideration of the question of calling out the second draft quota has been given up by the war department.

The secretary instead has brought great pressure to bear on the ordnance, quartermaster, and medical departments to relieve the condition of the military and supply equipment to the camps. Supplying full equipment of winter clothing to men in training and the checking of pneumonia, meningitis, and measles epidemics are tasks to which the war department will bend every energy.

The quartermaster and ordnance departments have been given orders not only to meet all present shortages but to get a reserve supply of guns, clothing, and equipment sufficient to outfit all the men of the second draft quota before they are called to the colors.

How late this will delay the second draft call cannot be determined. Secretary Baker said today, there would not be call before Feb. 1.

The general staff has recommended that the second call be for 313,000 men, \$100,000, as first considered.

Labor contracts between the amalgamated Association of Garment Workers, an organization fighting the American Federation of Labor and the United Garment Workers, the regular union organization, were reported today as contributing causes of the delay in completion of army uniform contracts.

Another cause of delay, Secretary Baker was told, was the provision of the garment contracts which compelled each contractor to do his army work under one roof.

NOTE TO VACATE.

Dec. 18.—[To the Legal People.]—I am renting a flat water heating apparatus. As weather is impossible to use comfortable, I have for a year and want to be held for the rent before the lease expires.

—P. W.

that you furnish your own statement you would have I would justify you in vacating.

BUREAU LAW DEPARTMENT.

COGNIZANCE CHILDREN'S RIGHTS.

Dec. 18.—[To the Legal Friend.]—Father died leaving will several pieces of real estate. Widow and seven children will reads "share and has widow right to distribute without children's consent she have signature of all of legal age. B. D.

one of her share, but not of the children's share. The show share is necessary to pay debts.

BUREAU LAW DEPARTMENT.

OPLE.

department, writers must give us their full names.

No manuscript will be re-

paid.

NOTE TO VACATE.

Dec. 18.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I am renting just graduated high school, saw service on and but four months after his again called with his son, another, a man 34 years old, son in patriotism by his desire to serve only the dependence of a wife in school.

in prison by a husband just advanced to 30. M. C. of Camp Travis, daughter and I keeping him "keeping him," and by our making it possible for to pay the price that deems "live." There you have complete in one paragraph.

A. K. C.

WITNESS BATTLES.

Dec. 17.—[Editor of the Tribune.]—Thanks for your editorials. "Witness Battles." It goes in with an American spirit, his government treat him like a baby too delicate to be the table. Americans will never to the truth, even though for them and promote of unfounded security.

your stand. A longer reach his aim policy?

PAUL C. BURKHARD.

PLUCK.

Wis., Dec. 18.—[Editor of the Tribune.]—Let nothing discourage the allied situation without. We can stand it, we are strong, and will work more resolutely—especially the women.

LENA HOGARD TRAVIS.

482 NEW OFFICERS ATTACHED TO CAMP GRANT

BY PARKE BROWN.

CAMP GRANT, Ill., Dec. 20.—Four hundred and eighty-two "debutante" officers this afternoon learned what fate has in store for them as their first army experience.

A special order issued by Brig. Gen. Leonard W. V. Kennon, commanding general, sent that many graduates of the secondary training camps at Fort Sheridan, Fort Belvoir, Fort Harrison, and Fort Snelling to the several regiments of the Eighty-sixth division. But instead of "assigning" them to berths he "attached" them, most of them as extra officers for the command. This indicates that most cases the detail will be temporary, as nearly every company already has a full roster of officers.

It also indicates that the 12,000 men selected in the interest of the first draft will be placed in the best posts with the men already in training and not, as originally intended, sent to the depot brigade for instruction there under the new officers until trained sufficiently to consolidate with the present units.

What will become of the new officers eventually is puzzling them. A few have been given special details—some to the depot headquarters and a larger number to the third officers' training camp for enlisted men, which opens here Jan. 5.

Those attached today are:

MAJOR, INFANTRY.

Sprague, A. A. 343d CAPTAINS, INFANTRY.

Name, Organization. ... 343d

Beall, H. 343d

Bell, H. 343d

Bennett, Milo O. 343d

Burnham, George E. 343d

Cassidy, L. E. 343d

Gallagher, J. B. 343d

Hickey, G. L. 343d

Kelley, John N. 343d

McGinnis, W. H. 343d

McCormick, T. H. 343d

McKee, W. H. 343d

McKee, William. 343d

McKee, W. H. 343d

SAY PACKERS ASKED TRIBUTE NOT TO MOVE

Meat Price Inquiry Brings Hint of Hidden and Illicit Profits.

(Continued from first page.)

that the late Richard Olney, former secretary of state, headed a committee which organized the Chicago Stockyards company on Sept. 27, 1911, under the laws of the state of Maine. This was shortly after the packers' trust had been ordered dissolved by the Supreme court of the United States.

Others in the Deal.

In addition to Mr. Olney, those who participated in the negotiations were Samuel Carr, Guy Norman, S. L. S. Shoemaker, E. V. R. Thayer, and F. R. Hart, New England financiers and business men. This concern formed of dummy directors took over the common stock of a New Jersey corporation which had been organized in 1899 by Frederick H. Prince & Co. of Boston. Mr. Prince being a banker and broker of that city.

At the same time the scheme for purchasing 8,000,000 shares of stock of the old packers' trust for \$1,000,000 in cash was concocted. This transaction was carried out in the name of T. R. Peiram, at present treasurer of the Chicago Stockyards company, who simply acted as a "dummy" for Prince & Co., who conducted the negotiations for the packers and secured practically all of the common stock in the New Jersey corporation held by many individuals in the New England states.

Letter Gives Light.

In regard to the reorganization of the stockyards and terminal company for the purpose of "legalizing the rebate" to the packers, S. H. Fessenden of E. S. Mossell & Co. wrote the following letter, which was placed in evidence:

"Aug. 11, 1911.

"H. A. Jackson, Esq., treasurer, Providence Banking Company, Providence, R. I.

"Dear Sir: In regard to the common stock of the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stockyards company which Mr. Wellington asked you yesterday to obtain the assent to plan proposed by the Olney committee, we would say that all the directors and large stockholders have carefully gone into the matter and have agreed to and assented to the plan, and there is no stockholder in the Chicago Junction stock, so we are advised, who has any interest in the Maine corporation.

Share of the Plunder."

Further light on the plan to give the packers control of the stockyards corporation after the rebates were declared illegal was shed in the following letter:

"Osgood Y. Purment, Esq., Lebanon, N. H.—Dear Sir: We note that you have signified your assent to the new proposed plan in regard to the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stockyards company.

"Believing that it is the best interest of the stockholders that all signify their assent to the plan as soon as possible, we are writing you thinking a few words of explanation may assist you at arriving at your conclusion.

Packers Split No Profits of Yards' Railway, Says J. A. Spoor

JOHN A. SPOOR, chairman of the Yard and Transit company and the Chicago Junction Railway company, and a member of the board of directors of the New Jersey holding company, which owns a majority of the stock of both local companies, said the testimony in Washington that the packers split profits with the Stockyards railway, was a surprise to him.

J. Ogden Armour and Arthur Meeker of Armour & Co. both declined to comment upon the charges.

Mr. Spoor's Statement.

Mr. Spoor's typewritten statement follows:

"Of course, it is barely possible," continued Mr. Spoor, "that some of the packers may own stock in one of the companies or in the New Jersey holding company, which is known as the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stockyards company, but I doubt it. Certainly, so far as I know, none of them holds any stock of record. It is always possible that stock may be held in one name and transferred, but I do not think this has happened in this case, and certainly I do not know of it.

Packers Are Customers.

"The Associated Press reported correctly that the federal bodies which have been the federal bodies at Washington today, they state something of which I am ignorant. Neither Mr. Armour nor any other packer has any stock in the Union Stock Yard and Transit company, nor are they in any way concerned in the management of the packers' profits show. Our dividends are matters of record. There is no secreting of anything, so far as I know, and I should know of it."

Arthur Meeker of Armour & Co. said last night he had no comment to make. "The matter is now being investigated in Washington," said Mr. Meeker, "and I suppose all the facts, whatever they are, will be elicited. In advance of that I have nothing what-ever to say."

Morris Denies Profit.

Nelson Morris, chairman of the board of Nelson Morris & Co., said last night that he had no knowledge of any arrangement by which any one in his company would profit from either the Chicago Junction railway company or the Stockyards company.

"I know nothing whatever about it," said Mr. Morris. "I have not heard of such a thing. I have no arrangement either direct or indirect, and so far as I know nobody connected with Morris & Co. has ever had any arrangement by which we could profit in any way from either company."

reduce the yard charges so that the earnings of the stockyards company would make a much poorer showing than they do now. We feel it is very important to retain this earning power of the packers, especially as the stock of land would have to be cut up for manufacturing or terminal purposes and while the stockholders would eventually get back a handsome return on their money it would take a number of years to do so. In the meantime there would be the payment of taxes and interest on the bonds we now have."

"We would be pleased to allow you one-eighth on any assets that you send to this office. We understand that Mr. Matteson was the controlling interest in about 1,000 shares of stock and that you will take this matter up with him. Truly yours,

"S. H. FESSENDEN."

More Light on Control.

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"Believing that it is the best interest of the stockholders that all signify their assent to the plan as soon as possible, we are writing you thinking a few words of explanation may assist you at arriving at your conclusion.

Offers from the West.

"For a long time some of the western railroads have been endeavoring to induce the packers to move west, and it has only been on account of pecuniary considerations which your company has given the packers from time to time that they have remained in Chicago. Suit has now been entered to prevent further payments of this sort, and in addition there is a bill pending in the Illinois legislature to regulate the charges made by your company.

"Under these circumstances it was thought best to form a new company which would be controlled by the packers and in this way give them pecuniary interest in your company which would make it worth while for them to turn all possible business over to the company. Therefore, the new company, composed of the packers, have agreed if the stockholders of the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stockyards company accept the proposition to guarantee 9 per cent on the

stock which is now paying 8 per cent, or to give \$200 in 5 per cent bonds for each share of stock, which amounts to 10 per cent on the stock.

"If, by chance, the company should not succeed to give 8 per cent, the stock would revert to its present holders and you would be in a different position than what you are today.

"If we can give you any further information we should be pleased to do so, and if you care to have us send one of our representatives out to talk the matter over with you and will appoint a time for such meeting we will gladly do so. Very truly yours,

"E. W. MOSELL & CO.

"Shepard."

Your Saw Stock.

Pegram was a witness before the commission today. He admitted that he was a holder of 79,990 shares out of the 80,000 shares in the stockyards company of Chicago which he has been serving as trustee.

In the negotiations that led up to the formation of the Chicago Stockyards company, Pegram was also the dummy in whose name the negotiations were carried forward.

He testified that he would sign anything the bankers in control of the company placed before him. For his services he received \$2,500 a year as salary. The witness was asked if he had any objection to giving up his stock.

"I believe I have no objection to giving up my stock," he said. "I have no objection to giving up my stock."

"I believe that it is the best interest of the stockholders that all signify their assent to the plan as soon as possible, we are writing you thinking a few words of explanation may assist you at arriving at your conclusion.

"The company has been earning about 10 per cent and paying 8 per cent, but it was necessary for them to save a certain surplus to distribute back to the packers periodically.

Fear Adverse Ruling.

"This question of rebate has been argued before a court of justice and a decision is expected on Oct. 1 to see if these rebates are legal in view of their holding and operating a property. The directors fear an adverse decision and are therefore anxious to have this plan become operative before that date.

"The packers have in mind that by staying out he can get these extra dividends that the Maine corporation expect to get on the stock which they control through guarantees or by deposit as collateral against the bonds in case the stockholder takes them.

"The fact of the matter is it would be well within the power of those who control the Maine corporation to

know the president of the Chicago Stockyards company.

"I do not," he replied.

He has been treasurer of the company for two years, prior to which he was a bookkeeper for Prince & Co.

All Officials Dummies.

He said the officers of the company are all "dummy" officials. When it was originally formed they were: George F. Doherty, president; Clarence R. Yeaton, vice president; Norman J. MacGaffin, secretary, and William A. Wadden, treasurer. Wadden was succeeded by Peggane.

All these men were employees of the packers, but controlled the corporation in the interest of the packers. It was brought out.

Thayer on Stand.

E. V. R. Thayer, former president of the Merchants National bank of Boston, now serving in the same capacity for the Chase National Bank of New York City, was another witness before the commissioners today. He said he is 86 years old. He said he had been asked to serve on the committee which formulated the new Chicago Junction Railway company by the late Richard Olney.

"I believe I was informed at the time of the main company," he said, "that J. Ogden Armour is a director of that company and neither Mr. Armour nor any of the packers have any representation on its board of directors. Neither do they own or control its capital stock. If they are members of any syndicate, such as has been described or suggested in the press reports, I have no knowledge of it."

"They certainly do not control, before or manage in any way whatsoever the policies of the two companies of which I am at the head."

Further, Mr. Spoor said, the only official of either of his companies subpoenaed for the investigation was G. C. Chase, auditor of the stockyards company.

"I have no objection to his testifying," said Mr. Spoor. "I have no doubt of his will testify when he recovers."

"As has been known for years, the stock of the two local companies is controlled by a New Jersey holding company and neither Mr. Armour nor any of the packers have any representation on its board of directors. Neither do they own or control its capital stock. If they are members of any syndicate, such as has been described or suggested in the press reports, I have no knowledge of it."

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WOMEN TELL OF \$3,300,000 CITY CAN GET EASILY

Will Not Aid Special Session Plan Until It Economizes.

All of the Woman's City club will be given the city in its effort to acquire more revenue when the municipal officials effect a few economies.

This will be the woman's organization's first move this afternoon to a request that it join with the city in asking that the municipality be empowered to raise approximately \$1,000,000 additional in revenue by direct taxation. The city officials are agreed to have this power granted at a special session of the legislature.

Joint Meeting Scheduled.

A meeting of the joint state senate, house and city council committees will be held this afternoon to hear from the various civic organizations as to how they stand toward supporting the city's request.

The position of the Woman's City Club is explained in a report prepared yesterday. It makes light of the city's claim that it needs an additional \$1,000,000. The report, which was signed by Mrs. Amelia Sears, civic director, and S. Grace Nicholas, secretary, central municipal citizenship committee, pointed out that economies during 1918 could be brought about which would amount to a saving of \$1,500,000 to the corporate fund.

New Resources Shown.

The report also pointed out that the city will have new resources of \$756,000 next year, making a total of \$1,200,000 which can go toward the \$1,000,000 the municipality is seeking. The report suggested in the report are not entirely original with the woman's organization. Most of the recommendations are based on ideas expressed by various civic organizations and some of the city's own officials.

How to Save Money.

Following is a table of how the suggested economies can be brought about in the new resources:

Reduction in collection and street cleaning	\$400,000
Reduction in number of police stations	650,000
Centralization of inspection and storage	575,000
Consolidation of visual inspection	200,000
Elimination of extra city hall holidays	150,000
Standardization and elimination of sinecures in the law department and the Municipal court clerk's and bailiffs' offices	155,000
Consolidation of yards, supply, stores, etc.	50,000
Consolidation of bureaus in the department of public works	100,000
Consolidation of license, permit and plan departments	30,000
Centralized pay roll methods	20,000

Total of immediate possible minimum savings ... \$2,580,000

New Resources Given.

New resources for 1918 composed of new revenues and proceeds of economies already instituted which have not been included in the estimates of resources of the corporate purposes fund:

Reduced expenditures under general registration law \$186,000

New revenue to apply on over-

SHRAPNEL

Women of the eighteenth draft district, under the general leadership of Mrs. George W. Bolling, with headquarters at 6737 Stony Island avenue, have sent Christmas kits and 250 pounds of candy to "their boys" at Rockford and Houston.

Dr. Edmund J. James, president of the University of Illinois, will address the civic industrial meeting of the Chicago Association of Commerce at 12:15 p. m. in the banquet room of the new Morrison hotel on "German Plans for a World Empire."

William D. Gordon, cashier of the Chicago office of the International Mercantile Marine company, has been appointed by the treasury department agent for the sale of war saving and thrift stamps. He will serve without compensation.

Company D, Eleventh regiment, Illinois militia, composed of employee of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, announces a reception and ball to be held at Dreamland ballroom, Paulina and Van Buren streets, tonight. Col. James D. Stuart will lead the grand march.

Chicago's four-minute men will hold a war rally and luncheon Monday at the New Morrison hotel and the guest of honor will be Paul Ferdinand, Lieutenant in the French army. He will talk on "The Western Front—What the Future Has in Store."

For 250 families of soldiers of Canada or Great Britain whose homes are in Chicago Hooverized Christmas baskets will be packed tomorrow morning with the aid of volunteer workers for the western relief fund.

The decision established the right of the Chicago Methodist Episcopal Aid Society to build a skyscraper for the purpose, to build a skyscraper on the present site of the building, which has long been in a state of decline, awaiting a favorable decision by the courts clearing the title.

The aid society in seeking to clear the title expressly promised to erect a new modern building, to cost not less than \$750,000. This amount may be exceeded, and it is believed the new building and the site will be worth \$2,000,000. It will become the headquarters of the Methodist Episcopal Aid Society in Chicago, providing for rooms for the various church boards and societies, a book store of the Methodist Book Concern, and an auditorium for 1,000 people.

The names of the men who compose the Chicago Methodist Episcopal Aid Society and who will proceed to build the new skyscraper as soon as the plans are agreed on are George W. Dixon, F. J. Thielbar, Henry S. Towle, R. P. Hollett, Edmund W. Burke, Horace A. Goodrich, Albert W. Harris, John S. Harvey, John Johnston, William T. Smith, Lewis L. Larson, Mortimer A. Allen, Simon R. Gary, and Davis C. Alton.

Must Pay \$10,000 Annually.

It was pointed out in the report that no additional state legislation needed by the city can carry these reforms. It can be done with the city's present powers, it was asserted.

Another portion of the report contained a declaration against added taxation.

It is believed that other organizations will make similar reports.

Mrs. Sebree Wins Suit for Divorce and \$100 a Month

Grace J. Sebree was granted a divorce of divorce yesterday by Judge Joseph H. Flitch from Roy S. Sebree, son of a former owner of the Saratoga hotel. Mrs. Sebree was represented by her attorney, Mr. Smith, and he testified yesterday, "He left me in 1916," she testified yesterday, "and took a trip to California with a chorus girl."

Mrs. Sebree named Violet Marsh and Florence Genevieve. For three days she occupied an adjoining room, she said, to that occupied by her husband and Florence in the Grand hotel.

Mrs. Sebree was allowed a monthly allowance of \$100 and the custody of the two children, Sylvia, 16 years old, and James Knox, 12 years old.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAKATINE BROMO QUININE Tablets.
W. GROVES signature is on each box. \$1.00
Advertisement.

METHODISTS TO BUILD A CHURCH IN SKYSCRAPER

Victory in Twenty Year Legal Battle Opens Way to Action.

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

After twenty years of litigation, in which lawyers of New York, Boston, and Chicago have been involved,

the First Methodist Episcopal Church property at North Clark and West Washington streets, the ground value of which is estimated at \$1,000,000 or more, has been settled in favor of the church.

The decision of the Illinois Supreme Court, which was read by Justice Farmer, upholding the decision of the Superior court, which was in favor of the claimants by the trustees of the church, was rendered yesterday by the law firm of Caldwell, Lyford & Sheean, attorneys in the case.

Establishes Right to Build.

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HAVE YOU SEEN HER?

Girl's Parents Want Her to Return for Christmas.



NINA POORMAN
who was ambitious to star in the movies.

TURKEY PRICE FALLS 2 CENTS; BUTTER 3 CENTS

Christmas cheer, in the form of another 2 cent slump in turkey prices

yesterday, was delivered to Chicago housewives. At the same time 3 cents was chopped off the price of butter.

A choice assortment of fish will be found in the markets today. A considerable supply of sable fish is on hand, the wider use of which is urged by the United States Bureau of Fisheries.

The food administration scored yesterday when they adjusted trouble over a five car shipment of apples from North Yakima, Wash., which had arrived on the Chicago market slightly damaged by frost. The shipment had been made without definite orders.

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DATE STAMP SLIP STARTS INQUIRY OF GRAIN 'LEAK'

Charge of Advance News on Embargo Discredited on Board of Trade.

Failure of a telegraph clerk to change the date on a message after the midnight hour had passed caused charges of "leak" to be made on the Board of Trade yesterday relative to the lifting of the embargo on corn and oats shipments eastbound.

Other popular conditions also contributed to start stories respecting some members of the Board of Trade as well as officials of the food administration. It was reported that certain houses had knowledge of the raising of the embargo before the close of the session on Wednesday and used it to buy corn and oats in the pits and thereby secure heavy profits.

The message as officially received by the local office of the food administration and posted on the Board of Trade shows that it was sent from New York at 12:15 a.m., but the latest date of Dec. 19, was explained that the message was filed by J. J. Stream, chairman of the coarse grain division of the food administration on the evening of Dec. 19 as a night letter.

Message Received in Morning.

In sending it after midnight the operator failed to change the date and the impression was created here that the message had been in the hands of the local food administration office for twenty-four hours before the trade generally was informed of its contents. Investigation proved that the message was not received by the local office until 7:52 yesterday morning. The announcement was also made in the morning papers that the message of Dec. 19 was a night letter.

A statement made by the publicity department of the national food administration in Washington last night, however, said that messages lifting the embargo had been sent out to food officials of the various states early on Wednesday. The belief was stated that some one had made the telegram public without realizing the effect it might have on the market.

Wheeler Advised Yesterday.

Harry A. Wheeler, state food administrator, said last night he was unable to throw any light on the matter.

Another thing leading up to the misunderstanding was the rather large buying of grain futures on Wednesday by several of the houses formed because of which no representations of the food administration, although these concerns are usually active in the markets.

It is also known that some local as well as outside concerns had knowledge of the removal of the embargo as early as 4 p.m. Wednesday, but nothing indicates that the message was in the hands of any one previous to the close of the session of the Board of Trade at 1:15 p.m. Wednesday.

Private Wire Sent.

It seems that corn millers in eastern territory were most interested in having the embargo removed, and the theory is that a wide awake representative of this branch of the trade wired the information just before it was received. G. E. Marcy, president of the Armour Grain company said the manager of their corn mills at Buffalo, who attended the meeting at New York, wired him the information at 4:17 p.m. on Wednesday, Dec. 19. He is of the opinion that this meant news of the embargo removal within a few minutes after the decision was made.

DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR

Because people think well of these cars, it is still impossible for Dodge Brothers to build enough of them.

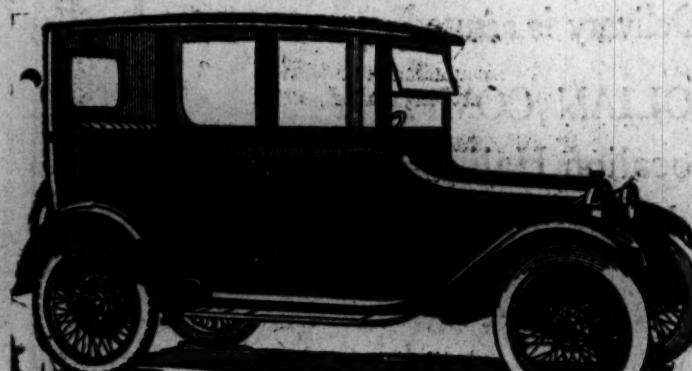
Seldom has there been a finer example of the force of friendly thoughts.

It is an inspiration and an encouragement to build well—because the reward, in America, is so great and so sure.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.
The tire mileage is unusually high.

Sedan or Coupe, \$1350; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, \$1050
Touring Car, Roadster or Commercial Car, \$835
(All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



DASHIELL MOTOR CO.
2412 Michigan Ave.

Calumet 7300

DAILY FOOD PRICE BULLETIN

(Prepared by the U. S. Food Administration.)
Prices being paid by retailers for the staples named and the prices which they should not exceed as are follows:

Poultry.
Retailer. Consumer
days, should pay.

TURKEY'S.
Dry picked... Per lb. Per lb.
Fresh..... 32c to 34c 32c to 36c
No. 1..... 38c to 51c 30c to 36c

CHICKENS.
Fresh, chickens... 24c to 26c 24c to 26c
2½ to 4 lb. fresh.... 28c to 30c 28c to 30c
2½ to 4 lb. cold store... 32c to 35c 32c to 35c
4 to 5 lb. cold store's... 38c to 40c 38c to 40c
Hoofers, fresh..... 32c to 35c 32c to 35c
Ducks..... 34c to 36c 34c to 36c

Eggs.
STRICTLY FRESH—Per dozen. Per dozen.
Extra—approx. 24c per dozen 51c to 56c

2½ oz. STEAKS—
Canned—
Extra—approx.

33 oz. per dozen 40c to 42c 41c to 47c

22 oz. per dozen 37c to 39c 38c to 44c

Note—Eggs in cartons 1¢ per dozen above prices.

HAMS.
Whole—Per lb. Per lb.
10 lbs. to 12 lbs. 31c to 32c 35c to 37c
4½ lbs. to 16 lbs. 32c to 34c 36c to 38c
Average..... 32c to 34c 32c to 36c

BACON.
Best grades... Per lb.
Medium..... 37c to 38c 40c to 44c
Squares..... 34c to 35c 37c to 40c

LARD.
Per lb.
Best kettle rendered... 26½c to 28c 29½c to 35½c
In cartons..... 25½c to 27c 28½c to 34½c
Stearin pure..... 25½c to 27c

Substitutes—
24½c to 25½c 27½c to 33½c

Cooking Oils.
IN CANS—Per can. Per can.
Cotton oil..... 27c to 29c 30c to 37½c
Deodorized oil..... 28c to 30c 31c to 40c
Cottonseed smalls..... 28c to 32c 31½c to 40c
Medium grades..... 32c to 35c 36c to 40c

FISH NOTE.
The retailers are paying the following

Stately fresh caught halibut... 21c to 22c

Frozen white fish... 11c to 12c

Frozen salmon... 11c to 12c

Frozen sturgeon... 11c to 12c

Frozen herring... 7½c to 8c

Milk Dealers.
SHIFT STAND ON
DELIVERY PLAN

**Indicate They Favor
City Club Scheme to
Cut Price.**

Conversion of Chicago milk distributors to the City club plan for the reduction of the price of milk by the creation of a unified delivery system was indicated yesterday at the hearing being conducted by the national food administration to establish a fair price for milk.

Sheppard Rareshide, assistant treasurer of Bordens, suggested that the unified delivery system might be established under control of the state public utilities commission.

His declaration, showing a change of heart among the milk distributors, who have heretofore opposed the central delivery plan, was declared last night by Francis J. Busch, attorney for the City club, to be a sign of the times.

Another thing that was brought out clearly at the hearing was that while the increase in the price of milk has reduced by 1,000 per cent the danger from typhoid fever, it has done so partly because the poorer classes, most susceptible to the disease, have not been able to obtain milk.

Dr. John Dill Robertson told of the big decrease in the typhoid fever death rate which took place when milk advanced from 6 to 13 cents a quart. So-called workers from Hull house told of the difficulty the poor had of obtaining milk. In testimony of the previous day it had been established that the

DINING CARS DO THEIR BIT IN WAR IN A LARGE WAY

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—(Special)—Railway dining car services were shown to be "doing their bit" in the war effort by Food Administrator Hoover today, outlining food savings of meat, wheat, flour, and sugar during the months of October and November.

Well known food brands in cotton bags...
Granulated sugar, 100 lbs. Per lb.
Bull. \$7.77 to 7.87 8c to 8½c

OLEOMARGARINE.
STANDARD GRADES—
Per lb.
In cartons..... 23c to 26c 23c to 26c
MEDIUM GRADES—
In rolls and bulk... 26c to 28c 26c to 33c

Flour.
Well known food brands in cotton bags...
Granulated, 100 lbs. Per lb.
Bull. \$7.77 to 7.87 8c to 8½c

MEAT.
Well known food brands in cotton bags...
1½ lb. \$5.50 to 5.70 \$2.80 to 3.00

2½ to 4 lb. fresh.... 28c to 30c 28c to 30c

2½ to 4 lb. cold store's... 32c to 35c 32c to 35c

4½ to 5 lb. cold store's... 38c to 40c 38c to 40c

Hoofers, fresh..... 32c to 35c 32c to 35c

Ducks..... 34c to 36c 34c to 36c

Geese..... 34c to 36c 34c to 36c

RICE.
Per lb.
100 lbs. Per lb.
Navy, hand picked... 28c to 30c 31c to 35c

White, bulk..... 35c to 37c 35c to 37c

BEANS.
Per lb.
100 lbs. Per lb.
Navy, hand picked... 18½c to 20½c 17½c to 20½c

White, bulk..... 25c to 27c 25c to 27c

CORNMEAL.
Per 100 lbs.
White, bulk..... 35c to 37c 35c to 37c

FLOUR.
Per 100 lbs.
White, bulk..... 35c to 37c 35c to 37c

BEANS.
Per lb.
100 lbs. Per lb.
Navy, hand picked... 18½c to 20½c 17½c to 20½c

White, bulk..... 25c to 27c 25c to 27c

PIRELL.
Per lb.
100 lbs. Per lb.
Navy, hand picked... 18½c to 20½c 17½c to 20½c

White, bulk..... 25c to 27c 25c to 27c

PIRELL.
Per lb.
100 lbs. Per lb.
Navy, hand picked... 18½c to 20½c 17½c to 20½c

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Navy, hand picked... 18½c to 20½c 17½c to 20½c

White, bulk..... 25c to 27c 25c to 27c

PIRELL.<

OUTLYING SALES FEATURE OF THE REALTY MARKET

**Holdings on North Side
and the South Shore
Change Hands.**

Real Estate Transfers

Building Permits	
<i>Chicago, N. Y. 123-81. 3 story brick stores and flats. Gottschalk & Co., D. M. Reid, architect. Total value \$60,000.</i>	
Dorchester.....	5324. 3 story brick building. Total value \$100,000.
Durham.....	27. D. F. Olsen, archt.
Furniture.....	26,000.
Furniture.....	113-52. Story brick factory. H. P. Nichols, archt.
Garden City.....	27 Lake.....
Gardner.....	17 Lake.....
Garrison.....	32
Stickney.....	32
Cleve.....	2 Leyden.....
Maine.....	2 New Trier.....
Northfield.....	2 Palatine.....
Palos.....	2 Provost.....
Ridgeview.....	2 Rich.....
Thornton.....	2

The real estate market yesterday was marked by the sale of two valuable holdings in the outlying districts, one comprising a north side business and apartment block and the other a handsome south shore apartment house.

The triangular shaped parcel of property in the northwest corner of Clark street and Broadway, 200x198x15 feet, has been sold to Andrew L. Schaeffer, from Arthur G. Strausheim & Co. for a consideration indicated at \$125,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$30,000, assumed by the purchaser.

The premises are improved with a four story building containing twelve apartments, two rooms each of six and seven rooms each, with an annual yearly rental of \$16,000. The present seller acquired this property about five years ago. Mr. Schaeffer also acquired from him a farm one mile west of the village of Palatine, comprising 125 acres, for an indicated consideration of \$12,000.

South Side Sale.

Murray Wolbach, who has done considerable building on the south side in the last few years, has sold to Thomas N. McCauley, president of the Mascot Copper company, the property at the northeast corner of 81st Street and Chappel avenue, 103x125 feet, improved with a three story building containing eighteen apartments, for a stated consideration of \$80,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$50,000.

The structure has an annual rent roll of \$5,000. Mr. McCauley conveyed to Mr. Wolbach in part payment the six flat houses he had built on the corner of Campbell park and Leavenworth street, the ten room brick residence at the northeast corner of Jackson and Oakley boulevard, two vacant lots on West Franklin street, two vacant lots on North Oakley avenue, and two lots in Franklin Park. C. M. Olson negotiated the deal.

Sold's Apartment Building.

Mr. Wolbach also has sold to Edward C. Rossetter the six apartment building at 8745-8747 Clyde avenue, 118 feet front, 58x125 feet, for an indicated price of \$25,000, subject to \$14,500 incumbrance. The building rents for \$8,420 a year. The buyer gave in part payment the eight room residence at 229 North Mason avenue and a thirty-five acre farm near Saugatuck, Mich. H. S. Merrill of Whiteside & Wentworth was the broker in the transaction.

Preparations are being made by the United States government for space to properly handle the third Liberty loan, having just leased the entire seventh floor in the Standard Trust and Savings Bank building at the southwest corner of Monroe and Clark streets, at a term rental of \$25,000. The space will be utilized by the state chairman, publicity department, were-

GOOD FELLOWS!

Here's a Form for You to Fill Out—It Will Aid You in Stating Your Plans for Helping the Poor Kids.

If you will be a Good Fellow on Christmas to some family of poor children in Chicago, please fill out the attached blank and send it to "The Tribune" Good Fellow department:

I live at No. street. I will be Santa Claus to children (as many as you wish). Please give me the names of children in (State what section of city you prefer to have assigned to you).

(Sign your name)

1,500 BOYS WILL SIT AT DINNER IN CITY HALL

Christmas will be a fact to 1,500 Chicago working boys this year. Members of the Big Brothers and Sisters organization, biggest dinner ever held for them in the corridors of the city hall and the court building on Saturday night, Chicago Lodge, No. 4, B. P. O. E., is helping.

Five hundred tickets were sent out to the circulation managers of newspapers yesterday and others have been supplied to the boys of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies and many large factories. This is the fourth annual Christmas dinner.

A huge platform will be erected in the center of the main floor, and from it grand opera stars will sing and the Dally News girls will dance. Misses with piano, Charles Dauphines and Constantine Niclau have volunteered to sing. De Wolfe Hopper has been asked to recite "Casey at the Bat." Following the dinner the boys will parade to the Coliseum, where they will be the guests of the management at the presentation of "Toyland."

Miss Elizabeth Melkerot yesterday started suit against Joseph Frank, a few short weeks ago Mr. Franks and I were engaged," said Miss Melkerot. "We walked to the marriage license clerk's window, but when the elated couple began kissing I thought, 'My gosh, got cold feet.'

TRADE MARK

FOR MEN AND BOYS

Shoes of Known Quality, Style and Price

A suggestion - The "Country Club" in Own Metal Calf and Rich Brown Tan.

Your guarantee of QUALITY is our Trade Mark embossed in the sole of every shoe by a great company which for over 38 years has been making men's and boys' fine shoes only, whose ideal has been not to get the HIGHEST price for the shoes sold, but to make the best shoes that could possibly be made in order to give value to its EMERSON trade mark.

There can be no question about WEAR and correct STYLE, THAT we have settled for you, there merely remains your selection of that particular model which meets your fancy. Honest Values at prices you want to pay.

"I demand for myself absolute comfort in shoes which are at the same time smart looking, well fitting and long wearing, and I can't expect any other man to demand less."

CHAS. O. EMERSON

EMERSON SHOE STORE

10 South Dearborn St., Chicago.



Wholesale Distributing Points
31 Emerson Avenue Rockland, Mass.
206-208 West Monroe St. Chicago, Ill.
142 Duane Street New York, N.Y.

POLITICS BURIED FOR PATRIOTISM AT BIG-MEETING

We should bring patriotism into politics, but never politics into patriotism." This was the big idea that dominated the Third ward rally of Republicans and Democrats—more than 1,000 being present—at the Colonial Club, 4445 Grand boulevard, last night. Henry R. Rathbone, speaker for the State Council of Defense, drove home the argument.

"This movement contemplated providing for the immediate wants of our soldiers and sailors," he said. "By lending their aid the Republican and Democratic organizations will bring a new spirit into politics. They will prove to the world that they do not exist for their own selfish purposes, but for the common good."

James J. O'Gorman, chairman of the Third ward neighborhood committee of the State Council of Defense, presided. Probate Judge Henry Horner and Levy Mayer, member of the State Council of Defense, spoke of the imperative need of thorough cooperation of the people if the war is to be won. Capt. the Rev. J. O'Gorman of the British army, Lieut. Christopher Gross, an American who fought with the French army, and Sgt. Edward of the Canadian expeditionary force, related personal experiences of the war.

CADETS TO HONOR INSTRUCTOR.
The Wendell Phillips High school cadets gave a dinner in honor of Capt. Edward Palmer this evening at 7 o'clock at the Palmer house in honor of Capt. Edward Palmer, their master, and Dr. Daniel Lockett, senior company leader, was graduated next February.

REACHED BY THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL'S HIGH-CLASS, ALL-STEEL SOLID TRAIN—the Seminole Limited

The winter mecca of thousands of tourists and those loving a winter home or sojourn in a warm clime

Reached by the Illinois Central's high-class, all-steel solid train—the

Seminole Limited

the first train from Chicago to reach Jacksonville in the morning—at 7 o'clock—thus assuring connections for reaching points in Florida during the day; the "Seminole" leaving Chicago 9:45 p.m.

Ar. Birmingham 4:45 p.m.

next day. The half-way point used by golfers and tourists as a stop-over point.

Ar. Savannah 7:30 a.m.

second morning by through drawing-room sleeping car carried from Chicago.

Ar. Jacksonville 7:00 a.m.

Dodge, dining-car service and drawing-room sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and coaches, Chicago to Jacksonville on the Seminole Limited.

THE ROUTE OF THE SEMINOLE LIMITED

through Birmingham, Ala., Columbus and Albany, Ga., pastures, landscapes and other features of more than passing interest to the tourist (as described in I. C. Florida Folder) and includes the southerly projecting spur of the Allegheny mountains and following or crossing many picturesque streams.

Through dining-car service and drawing-room sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and coaches, Chicago to Jacksonville on the Seminole Limited.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

TICKET OFFICES
78 West Adams Street, Phone Central 5270
Central Station (Michigan Ave. and 12th St.) and 63rd Street
63rd Street and 63rd Street Stations

Address inquiries to E. C. Hatch, P. T. M.

Buses 200, General Office, Chicago

Your success in finding just the proper shoe to meet your preference in style, finish, fit and quality is simplified here through the immense variety of shoes we show in every worthy sort. No other store offers you such wide scope for selection or such unapproachable value-giving. The Parkway, in all leather effects, is one example of abundant value at..... \$5

Other Shoes at \$4, \$6, \$7 to \$12

Main Floor,

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
The Store for Men and Boys Xmas Gifts

Victory for Censor Board Cost City Only \$327.63

It cost the city \$327.63 to win a suit in the federal courts upholding the municipality's motion picture censor board.

This was explained yesterday by Corporation Counsel Etelson, whose attention has been drawn to a charge that several thousand dollars of the city's money was spent in the suit. The suit was that of the Fox Film company, which sought to exhibit a film called "The Rose of Blood," for which Chief Schuetter and Maj. Funkhouser declined to allow a permit.

Five hundred tickets were sent out to the circulation managers of newspapers yesterday and others have been supplied to the boys of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies and many large factories. This is the fourth annual Christmas dinner.

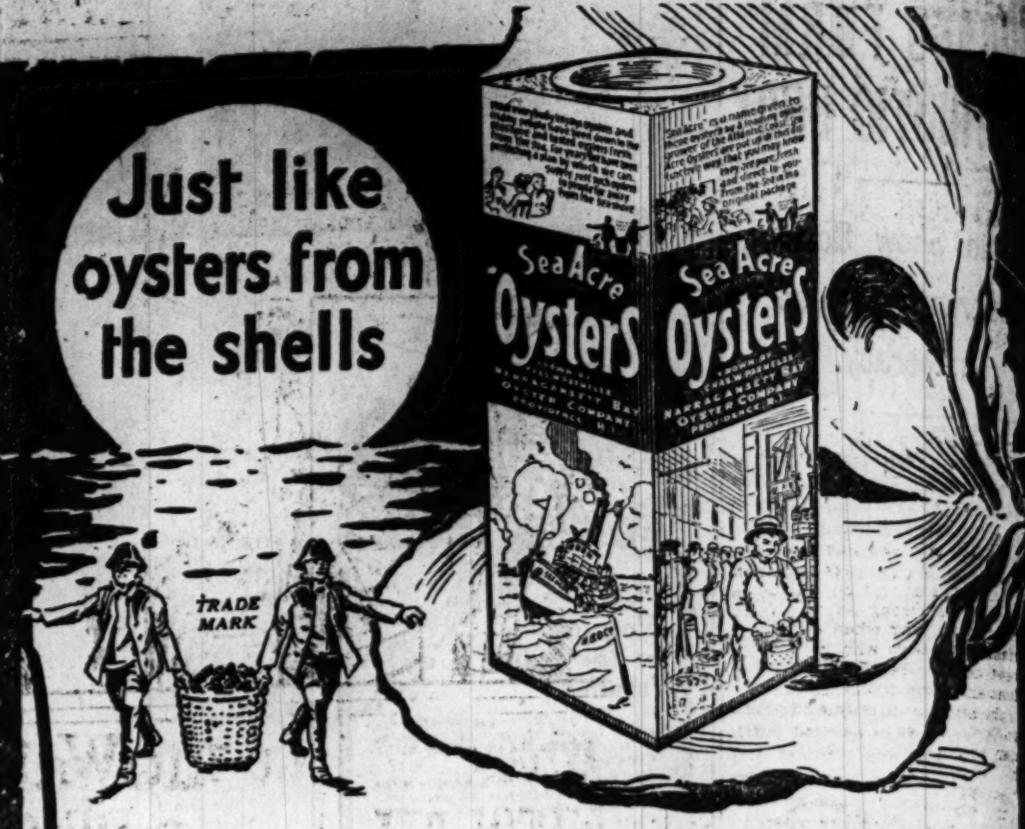
A huge platform will be erected in the center of the main floor, and from it grand opera stars will sing and the Dally News girls will dance. Misses with piano, Charles Dauphines and Constantine Niclau have volunteered to sing. De Wolfe Hopper has been asked to recite "Casey at the Bat." Following the dinner the boys will parade to the Coliseum, where they will be the guests of the management at the presentation of "Toyland."

TRADE MARK

FOR MEN AND BOYS

Shoes of Known Quality, Style and Price

A suggestion - The "Country Club" in Own Metal Calf and Rich Brown Tan.



WHEN you open a package of Sea Acre Oysters, it is just like opening them fresh from their shells. All the flavor is there—they taste like oysters you get at the seashore.

Only a few days before you open the box, they were taken from the beds in the clean, cold waters of Narragansett Bay.

They were opened immediately, sealed in packages, and shipped in perfect condition—all by the growers, who have 3,000 cultivated acres under water.

Sea Acre Oysters

make it possible to have fresh oysters in your home. Meatless days can now be Oyster days.

Immediate packing—thorough cooling—shipping by fast express and daily deliveries insure freshness and flavor.

Direct from Sea to table—in half pints, pints and quarts. Ask for a package of Sea Acre Oysters at your grocer's or butcher's.

Narragansett Bay Oyster Company, Providence, R.I.

W. M. WALKER, Distributor
112 W. South Water St., Chicago, Telephone Main 2271

CERVA

The World's Best Beverage

Cheese Cake

3 pounds white cheese, 4 oz. butter, 4 oz. sugar, 3 oz. flour, 1/2 cup raisins, 4 oz. cream, 1/2 cup milk, 1/2 cup salt, vanilla flavor. Spread on cake, add medium heat, Sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Serve with CERVA

Non-intoxicating. A soft drink with great food value. You can get CERVA green, at drugists, in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers ST. LOUIS SYME, EAGLE & CO., Distributors Chicago, Illinois

Minneapolis St. Paul

Baltimore, Md.

Chester, Pa.

West Palm Beach, Fla.

Orlando, Fla.

St. Louis, Mo.

Omaha, Neb.

Des Moines, Iowa

Minneapolis, Minn.

CHICAGO PASSES HALFWAY MARK FOR RED CROSS

Three Iowa Cities Make a
Remarkable Record,
Report Shows.

Chicago's new Red Cross memberships last night reached a total of 418,700—75,000 over the halfway mark in the campaign for 750,000 members by Christmas eve.

Iowa reported three cities to Central 750,000 homes," said Mr. Thorne. "and

division headquarters that have already reached the 100 per cent maximum, meaning that every man, woman and child in the three places have become Red Cross members. One wired to Lewis N. Wiggin, the central district campaign manager, that the city will go overwhelmingly pro-Red Cross.

Beyond Expectations.

"Reports from all the larger cities in the division, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Peoria, Springfield, Des Moines, Sioux City, Milwaukee, Madison, Lincoln and Omaha, show that the success of the campaign is beyond expectation. Is it that each chapter will enrage more than its quota of 50 per cent of the population?" was Mr. Wiggin's bulletin last night.

Chicago, working on an entirely new plan of campaign, through house-to-house canvass, organized by city blocks and precincts, is coming through in great shape, according to Robert J. Thorne, chairman of the organization committee.

"It is estimated that there are in the district we have in charge over

that number of Red Cross members in our aim in this campaign. We have set as our minimum 100 per cent, and I will say that if we reach the minimum in New York and other places will find it hard to catch in the race to be the first Red Cross city, a title we have and mean to hold."

A Sure Method.

"Chicago is the only city using the house-to-house plan and the proof that it will get the maximum results is already developed. It may take longer to show spectacular returns, but the wind-up will show that there are no Red Cross slackers here."

This morning the war tank will work up and down Halsted street and Blue Island avenue, thence to Ogden avenue, returning to the loop district via Madison street. In the afternoon it will travel up and down Milwaukee avenue.

"Our largest gains have been in the country and suburban districts where the foreign born element predominates, further showing that the old hit and miss way of going after members is not thorough."

The morning the war tank will work up and down Halsted street and Blue Island avenue, thence to Ogden avenue, returning to the loop district via Madison street. In the afternoon it will travel up and down Milwaukee avenue.

No farmer who swears at his wife or beats his horses will be permitted the use of high school boy labor next summer.

The high school principals met yes-

WILL TEACH BOYS TO LOVE THOSE COWS AND CHICKS

School Principals Plan Best Influences for Farm Work.

terday in the school board rooms with representatives of the state council of defense and the working boys' reserve, and it was decided that only the best moral influences should surround the boys who go to the farm.

Program Outlined.

An outline of the program of the boys' working reserve, which is under the federal department of labor, follows:

Jan. 1. Gov. Lowden will issue a proclamation urging boys over 16 years of age to volunteer for farm service.

Jan. 14 to 20. Enrollment of high school boys.

Feb. 1. Preliminary high school agricultural course will open.

Feb. 22. Washington's birthday. Food production meetings in all schools.

February to May. Stock judging contests will be held for high school boys.

May 1. Boys will go to the farms.

WILL Work With Horses.

By the time for the call to the farms, every boy will know how to hitch up a horse and drive it. Two of the prin-

pal points in the instruction will be the handling of horses and the operation of farm machinery.

It is planned to have a team of horses, with a wagon, at every high school for at least two weeks, so that the boys may become accustomed to handle horses. Where possible a cow will be pressed into service and the boys taught to milk. Plans are being made to obtain instructors from the University of Illinois.

School principals said the greatest obstruction to the plan to send the boys to the farm would be the objection of mothers. To overcome that meeting of parents will be held, at which the plans for the protection and entertainment of the boys will be described.

Boys Will Be Guarded.

"The boys will be looked after from the start," said Burridge D. Butler, federal state director of the reserve.

"Every prospective employer will be investigated, and we won't give a boy to a farmer who is mean to his horses or his wife. There will be Saturday night entertainments at Y. M. C. A. headquarters and other places of wholesome influence."

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

We Are Authorized Agents
for War Savings
Certificates

A Bountiful Array of Gift Specials

ATTRACTIVE GIFT SUGGESTIONS Undergarments of Wash Satin

Particularly Priced at \$1.00, \$2.95, \$3.95



For daintiness of perfect trimming detail, these splendid serviceable Wash Satin Undergarments are exceptionally reasonable at their particular Holiday pricings. As sets or singly they suggest admirable Christmas offerings.

At the left: PETTICOAT of flesh-colored Satin with handsome file lace and artistic ribbon bow \$3.95
UNDERBODICE to harmonize \$1.00

At the right: KNICKERS of flesh-colored Satin, Val lace edging—neatly hemstitched and adorned with rose buds \$3.95
UNDERBODICE to match, trimmed with Val lace and ribbon—fetchingly tucked \$2.95

ATTRACTIVE Corduroy Robes at \$2.95



FOR HOLIDAY OFFERINGS Splendid Silk Petticoats \$2.95, \$3.95, \$5.00, \$5.95, \$6.50

The most desirable and varied of new Silk Petticoat assortments, featuring delightful colorings and flounce designs in extensive selection. As Christmas Gifts they will be greatly appreciated, for no element of attractive style and quality, or proper fitting essential, has been overlooked.

Particularly desirable at such group pricings as \$2.95, \$3.95, \$5.00, \$5.95, \$6.50.



Knit Underwear Warm, comfortable and perfect-fitting Vests, Tights and Union Suits.

WOMEN'S COTTON UNION SUITS—Medium weight, low neck, sleeveless or Dutch neck; elbow sleeves, ankle length. Special price, each, \$1.25.

BLACK WOOL TIGHTS—Open or closed, ankle length. Very desirable to slip on when going out during this cold spell. \$2.50 each.

Silk Hosiery for Holiday Gifts

Women's fine quality Silk Hose—with silk tops, at last season's price—come in white and colors. This is an unusual hose at such a low price. Per pair, \$1.50.

BLACK SILK HOSE, with narrow lavender edge, has fashioned floral top; a good serviceable hose at \$1.75.

THE NEW MOTOR HOSE—to be worn over the shoe; comes in black, white, oxford, heather brown, hunter green and purple. Specially priced, per pair, \$2.50.

LAVENDER TOP SILK LISLE HOSE—Made of extra fine selected material, with elastic flare tops. Per pair, 75c.



Tricot Silk Underwear

Several special items—specially selected for the holiday season

TRICOT SILK VESTS—Narrow tailored band and shoulder straps—also bodice with ribbon straps or elastic tops, for evening wear—white or pink. Each, \$1.95.

TRICOT SILK BLOOMERS—Knee length with elastic top and bottom, in white or pink—sizes 4 to 7. Each, \$2.25.

TRICOT SILK VESTS—Embroidered—several very pretty patterns to select—from specially priced at \$2.45.

ITALIAN SILK UNDERWEAR—Vests—Union Suits—Envelope Chemises—Bloomers, etc.—put up in fancy boxes—make very practical gifts.

Neckwear

JABOTS OF FINE NET AND LACE—in either White or Paris shades—a splendid showing of styles that are just right. Each, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.50.

REAL FILET LACE COLLARS—many of them in one pieces without a seam—in either the Sailor or Round shapes. Each, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00.

REAL FILET AND NET COLLARS—also Jabots with beautiful hand embroidery—the finest neckwear we can buy and appreciated by those who know. Each, \$8.50 to \$35.

PIMPERNEL—the new Lavalliere Tie. Each, 50c.

KNITTED WOOL SCARFS of quality—in Green, Khaki, Brown, Rose, Cedar and other good colors. Each, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

NOVELTY EVENING THROWS of Net, with Beads or Tinsel trimming—Spanish Lace Scarfs—Kaitlin Scarfs—Cape de Chine Scarfs—Marabout Capes and Muffs—making a very enticing array of gift merchandise at most reasonable prices.

JUST IN TIME FOR THE HOLIDAYS Special Groups of Misses' Apparel

Misses' Apparel

A rare assortment of distinctively youthful frocks and wraps so carefully selected as to meet every need of the College Girl for Dance, Party, Theater or Practical purpose—not only during the Holiday season, but for months to come.

There is a prize to suit every purse and every price is a special one, presenting pre-Christmas advantages of unsurpassed merit, from the simple \$15 street model to detectable evening stilettos at \$95.

Included in this particularly prepared showing are:

Chiffon Velvet Dance Frocks (Bustle effect) at \$50.

Chiffon Velvet Evening Coat (Mouffet Collar and Cuffs) at \$50.

Velveteen Afternoon or Street Dress (new high waisted effect) at \$18.50.

Large selection of new French Serge Street Frocks at \$18.50.

New Jersey Dresses at \$20.

New Chiffon Afternoon and Party Dresses at \$20 and \$22.50.

Army Coat (made of regular Army Cloth, ideal for college wear) at \$39.50.

Serge Frocks

About 200 taken from our regular stock. Now grouped at \$13.50, \$15, \$18.50, \$20, \$25

More New Gift Blouses, \$5

An array of handsome Silk Blouses at \$5.00, which offers unlimited opportunity for expressing the spirit of giving in a delightfully acceptable manner.

The Georgettes, which women so enjoy wearing, feature trimming innovations of embroidery and heading seldom found in such moderately priced Blouse Models—Tub Silks, attractively striped, are among the most stylish and serviceable Blouses on display for Holiday Selling at.....

Hundreds of other beautiful Blouses priced from \$7.50 to \$15 and upwards.

In Our "Little Daughter's" Shop

a profitable surprise for discerning Mothers has been prepared for Friday and Saturday of this week.

A Pre-Christmas Reduction Selling of Girls' and Juniors' Coats

Our Entire Stock Divided Into

SEVEN SPECIAL GROUPS

\$7.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$18.50, \$25, \$35

Practical Winter fabrics—plain or fur trimmed models—Velvets—all our latest girlish styles—reduced from earlier pricings of from \$12.50 to \$55 in time to greatly enhance the advantages of your Holiday shopping.

Scores of other practical Gift suggestions for the "Little Folks" include

GIRLS' SWEATERS—Scarfs and Cap Sets—and separate Scarfs.

Sweaters from \$3.75 to \$17.50. Cap and Scarf Sets, \$2.00 to \$3.75. Scarfs, \$2.25 to \$3.75.

JUNIORS' AND GIRLS' PARTY DRESSES—in all the rainbow shades—a good selection of styles and prices. Sizes 6 to 17 years. \$12.50 to \$35.00.

JUNIORS' AND GIRLS' RAIN COAT—with Cap to match—\$5.00 to \$10.00.

GIRLS' SATIN SLIPS—Pink, blue and white—\$3.00.

JUNIORS' AND GIRLS' SERGE DRESSES—\$4.50 to \$25.00.

GIRLS' SILK DRESSES—\$12.50 to \$25.

JUNIORS' AND GIRLS' BATH ROBES—a variety of patterns—\$2.95 to \$5.00.

JUNIORS' AND GIRLS' RAIN COAT—with Cap to match—\$5.00 to \$10.00.

INITIAL ASSORTMENTS holding out in most of the lines.

PLAIN LINEN are in greater demand this year, and, of course, you get a finer quality for same money. Splendid

qualities are offered at 25c, 35c, 50c each.

Special Mention—Linen Initiated Handkerchiefs for Men of rare good quality. $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. box, \$1.00.

FOR WOMEN—SHEER LINEN INITIATED HANDKERCHIEFS—dainty floral design around initial. $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. box, \$1.50, \$2.00.

Others in Pure Linen— $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. box, 90c, \$1.50, \$2.00.

Embossed Corner Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs—in either White or Colored Work—remarkable showing at 35c, 50c

and up.

Linen Handkerchiefs

Quality is of first importance in Stevens' Handkerchiefs—and when what the same goods can be bought for on the present market.

INITIAL ASSORTMENTS holding out in most of the lines.

PLAIN LINEN are in greater demand this year, and, of course, you get a finer quality for same money. Splendid

qualities are offered at 25c, 35c, 50c each.

Special Mention—Linen Initiated Handkerchiefs for Men of rare good quality. $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. box, \$1.00.

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Others in Pure Linen— $\frac{1}{$

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
SOCIETY, MARKETS,
WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Become a Goodfellow
and make some
poor family happy

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1917.

CALL TODAY, BUY TOMORROW, YOU GOOD FELLOWS

Many Families Still Wait
Help to Save Kids
from Sorrow.

Today and tomorrow are the only shopping days left until the day before Christmas. Today and tomorrow are the big Good Fellow days. Speed is the big thing now, if ever poor little kid is to be saved from a miserable, unhappy, hungry Christmas. This is the first order of business to-day. Get the Good Fellow department. Say you'll take a family of kids—a big family, if possible, because it is the big families this year that are in danger. If your finances won't stand a big family, get a few of your friends to chip in and help save the little kids from disappointment. There are a few small families left, but many larger ones, and it is the large ones that are having the hardest trouble to get along this year.

Remember Your Own.
Are your own children going to be happy? Is there a smile on their faces? Are they shopping for stockings on Christmas morn? Then don't owe a little something to the children marked by misfortune for a tearful Christmas unless you step in!

Take the case of Joe B., who writes:
"Would you please do so kind and come over to see us for Christmas? My father has been in the hospital and one of my brothers had to go to war, and it makes it very hard for mother. There are four boys. Won't you make us happy for Christmas?"

Would Surprise Mother.

Or the case of Stella M., who hopes the Good Fellows will make their Christmas a little bit happy.

"Our papa ran away and my mother is sick and cries all the time because we say we will never have nothing for Christmas. There are five of us. I am writing this hoping you will be so kind as to help me surprise my mama on Christmas."

And there is John and William, who write jointly from a west side tenement:

"We never had a good Christmas on account of my father. We have no father. He died last year and we can't afford to buy anything. We don't know what a real Christmas is. When we go to school our coats are cold so rather send us a pair of shoes instead of playthings."

Chorus for War Service.

Think of how happy you will make two patriotic not to mention the children when they learn that Santa came to the basement flat back home.

"We would not ask to have you come to us if our brothers were home. One is in the service in France and the other is in the navy. Our father has left us and we will have a very poor Christmas if some good fellow does not come to see us."

Rosie, age 8 years old, writes for herself and two little nieces who live with her in the same tenement:

"My papa is dead and my mama is not working and I am afraid Santa will forget to come if some one doesn't send him here. My little niece, 2½ years old, always talks of Santa Claus. She wants him to bring her a doll buggy. I hope you won't forget us, for it will be a happy Christmas if you come."

Six Children in Need.

Six children, only one of them working, and a father who has become blind. Picture their Christmas and then wait to become a Good Fellow. If you can, Marie writes:

"I am 14 years old and would like to see my brothers and sisters happy as they can't realize why Santa Claus doesn't come. For myself I would appreciate anything, but it would please me more to see them happy. I will be waiting for you, please. Mr. Good Fellow, on Christmas eve, and I won't forget you in my Christmas morning dreams. As God always hears poor children's thoughts, I hope you will hear this one, as you are the ones who can depend on for a Christmas full of cheer. I am trying to finish school this year so then I can help the family, as I am not of the law age just yet."

Frothy Club Will Help.

One hundred families will be made happy by the Frothy Club. Tom E. Wilson is the chairman of the Good Fellow committee and the other members are A. D. Plamondon, La Verne W. Noyes, Charles Weegham, Joseph W. Free, Leigh Reilly, Will J. Davis, George D. Nesbit, John Richardson, George W. J. Sutherland, C. H. Burras, Charles F. Healy, and G. F. Griffin. President of the club appointed as a committee to raise the money needed: Charles A. McCulloch, chairman; J. H. Channon, William H. Rankin, Ernest Heg, and Mr. Sutherland.

Several automobiles may be of service on Monday for delivering baskets by the Good Fellow department to families uncared for. Owners of machines willing to lend them for the day, or a part of it, should call the Good Fellow department at Central 191.

Interned After His Second Verbal Attack on U. S.

Stanley Kempinsky of 1048 North Ashland avenue was arrested yesterday on a presidential warrant and ordered interned for the duration of the war as the result of alleged seditious utterances. Kempinsky, who was a collector of *Dziennik Ludowy*, a Polish newspaper, was released under bond by Mark A. Pinto, United States Commissioner, a fortnight ago after he had been arrested on a similar charge.

HOSTS PARADE ON NEWLY WIDENED TWELFTH STREET

**Mayor, Cabinet, Crowd
of Civilians Join in
Celebration.**

WAR'S SHADOW DARKENS CITY; SIGNS ARE UNLIT

**Few Stores Violate New
Rule Designed to
Save Coal.**

The great west side of Chicago came into its own last night when thousands of people, including practically the entire city hall cabinet, prominent citizens, and Mayor Thompson celebrated the widening of Twelfth street, now an actual fact.

The fate of the United States government decreed that it should be "lightless night." Not a single superfluous light was burning along the route of the parade, which extended on Twelfth street from Ashland avenue to Canal street.

The object of the improvement was to widen Twelfth street to 108 feet from Ashland avenue to Canal street, construct a bridge and a viaduct from Canal street to Wabash avenue, 118 feet in width, over the Chicago river and the railroads, tracks, and to widen Twelfth street to 118 feet from Wabash avenue to Michigan avenue.

One Section Complete.

The celebration was in honor of the completion of the "first leg"—the widening of the street from Ashland about a mile and a half to Canal street, about a mile and a half.

These Signs Blaze Out.
BISMARK—Stoutly and brilliantly illuminated signs in the city hotel, AMERICAN EXPRESS found no rival sign on Monroe street. STATE COUNCIL FOR DEFENSE held sole sway on Adams street. The whole front of the building where the fuel administration is housed was ablaze with lights, under the ruling that government signs are excluded from "lightless night" provisions.

A number of violators left display lights in front windows, though the order of the Washington officials says that lights in stores must be shut off when the store closes.

Christmas Shopping Lively.

Chicago shoppers thronged downtown, despite the gloom of lightless night. One manager whose store is open of evenings this week said Christmas trade was just as good as usual in spite of lack of street lighting. People stopped and studied movie signs in the semi-light which they read at a glance on other nights. Patrons at the theaters did not complain because they could not see the signs of their favorite playhouses blocks away.

It was dark in Evanston, too, after the business houses along Davis street and surrounding streets. Most electric signs over the moving picture theaters were not lighted at all. Fixture square was particularly dark because it has depended upon the light from the surrounding stores for its illumination.

Saving of 4,500 Tons.

Officers of the Commonwealth Edison company estimated that the saving for Chicago would be 4,500 tons of coal annually. Raymond L. Durham, the Cook county administrator, said this estimate was close to correct.

These are the exceptions to the dark Thursday and Sunday night rule: The various governments are permitted to light their buildings and find no necessary street lighting under contract is interfered with, although "white way" and other unnecessary street lighting must be discontinued; porch lights, railroad yard lights, and others necessary for the public safety are permitted, though the doubtful cases must be referred to the state fuel administration.

Mary Wacker is the recipient of a rousing reception when he arose to address the crowds.

"I congratulate you people most heartily on the completion of this wonderful work," said Mr. Wacker, "and I only hope that our dreams of the Chicago beautiful plan will materialize in the same manner."

The ceremonies at Twelfth and Halsted streets was preceded by a parade in which thousands of members of organized labor took part. It was headed by the Great Lakes band.

**Discharged Clerk Held on
\$2,500 Extortion Charge**

George Manos, discharged shipping clerk of the Midland Linseed Products company, 140 West Van Buren street, was arrested yesterday on the charge of having written a letter demanding \$2,500 from the manager of the company. The letter, dated the 21st, was sent to the manager of the plant at 2124 Clybourn avenue. When federal operatives visited the place they found that Manos lived in the house. He was held to the grand jury.

Holds to Cooperate.

Hotels have agreed to cooperate with the fuel administration by placing signs in guest rooms admonishing roomers to use no more light than is necessary and not to overheat the rooms. Buildings will also be sent notices of the fuel rate and asked to aid in its enforcement.

Mr. Durham estimated that the saving would be 10 to 15 per cent of the fuel used.

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**Not for You—
If You Chance
to Be Hunnish!**

**"THE PRIDE OF NEW
YORK."**

Produced by Fox Film.
Directed by R. A. Walsh.

THE CAST.
The Son George Walsh
The Father James A. Marcus
The Pop William Bailey
The Girl Reginald Quinn

By Mae Tinée.

Any chance sympathizer with the kaiser has had a bad time of it if he happens to be one of an audience witnessing "The Pride of New York." The picture is ripe with patriotism and abounds in stirring subtitles, all their effects directed to the same end.

"We got across safely. The German U-boats don't venture to sink ships protected by Uncle Sam's cruisers. They lay for passenger boats and boats loaded with supplies. When they saw us coming they went to hunt Norwegian fishing smacks—"

"—Von Hindenburg, the Clown Prince—etc."

The story has nothing especially to its credit. The plot is the most grown up of two men in love with one girl, she is a top of high degree. The other comes from the common people—decidedly common—you should see pop spiller all over himself!

The top's idea of enlisting is plenty of glory and nothing to do. The son of the common people, after with enthusiasm starts off in the intention to save the earth the entire German army—succeeding fairly well. Of course, "over there" he meets the girl—a Red Cross nurse. He rescues her from brutal captures—and you needn't be a seventh wonder to guess the rest.

Filmy story aside, however, it may be said that it would be well by every reason of its sizzling spirit and the good acting of which there is considerable. Mr. Walsh, besides having much hair, has much pep and a good deal of personality. He runs Mr. Fairbanks a close second on that leap and laugh proposition.

James A. Marcus, as the slovenly but tender hearted old father, is the other character worth mention. He will appeal to Chaplin admirers, for he has several of Charles' famous gesticomonic tricks.

**Time the Only Great
Healer, Geraldine,
of Heart Troubles**
BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

If you missed the Antoinette Donnelly series how she reduced Miss Eva Leane three pounds in five weeks or how she added twenty pounds in five weeks to Miss Helen Barnett's weight, or how she corrected a head of dry, thin, falling hair and an oily scalp with dandruff, or the initials of the various remedies for pimples and blackheads, send a stamped, addressed envelope and the information will be mailed to you. Any other questions pertaining to beauty and hygiene will be gladly answered.

GERALDINE: I WISH I COULD
help heart troubles, my dear, but I only time is the great healer. Just as gay and as busy as you can—and keep well. If I had to add the last for the reputation of my department! You should really consult Doris Blake, you know, it's right.

MARY: I DON'T BLAME YOU AT
all. The superuous hair remedy is too long to print. Send a stamped, addressed envelope and I will mail you my instructions.

ALEXIS: THE BEST WAY OF GET-
ting well is keeping well is by deep breathing. Most people never breathe below their middle vent button. Send me a stamped, addressed envelope and I will mail you deep breathing instructions.

ERIC CAMPBELL

ERIC CAMPBELL

Tribune Cook Book

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss Eddington with current market materials and are indexed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Introducing the Sablefish.

Sablefish, "afina black cod," frozen at the shore, is being sold to us in frozen steaks or pieces this week at 16 cents a pound. The steaks have even less waste than those of halibut. Those who have Circular No. 23 of the "Tribune Cook Book" will find in it a series issued March 6, 1917 will find in it thirty-three recipes for cooking this fish, besides some entertaining reading about its character and history. But a woman who knows how to cook fish does not need any of these. She can make up her own.

For instance, I decided to boil two steaks in the lower part of my chafing dish. To quote from Circular No. 23: "I added a small onion, some peeled tops, two or three slices of green pepper, a teaspoon of salt, and the end of a lemon. I might have added a clove and a bit of bay leaf, but wanted to use the cooking water as fish stock for soups and sauces, and I do not like clove or bay leaf flavor in soups."

I let the steaks thaw out at room temperature instead of in water, the circular direction I think is the better way. It is necessary to thaw fish well or it may seem watery. This fish, frozen at the shore and thawed in one's own kitchen carefully and then boiled, is just as firm when cooked as any boiled fish one could get.

Twenty minutes seems to me none too much to allow for boiling these sablefish steaks, for if they have thawed they are cold to the bone and cool off a quart of water perceptibly. With the boiled fish I served a thin white sauce, because it is safer in trying a new fish to have a sauce in which it can be completely immersed, and this is also best when there is to be a leftover.

While it was still warm I picked the fish apart, removing bones, and mixed them with the white sauce. This was highly palatable even cold, and ramekins, etc., which cannot be described this time, was its destination.

The sablefish is fat. When the liquid in which the two fish steaks were cooked was gone I skinned off several tablespoons of the top layer, mixed them with one level tablespoon of flour. When this was perfectly smooth I added to it a cup and a half of the fish stock and stirred the whole over the fire until it thickened. Into this I sliced one onion and one rather large potato, covered the kettle, and let the soup cook until these were tender. With the simple addition of some salt this made a fairly presentable chowder when the requisite crackers were added.

Crackers are indispensable to the fish chowder, and the old fashioned Boston cracker, which can be split in halves, is the trusty thing. If I had used a tablespoon or two of dried salt pork at the start the whole would have been a real river chowder.

By adding two tablespoons of leftover fish and three tablespoons of cream per cup to this chowder so made, I had something which I believe it would take an expert to tell from one made directly from fresh cooked fish rather than from a by-product. With crackers it was the equal of the creamiest of cream soups.

I can imagine the sablefish might be insipid if not treated in some such a way as described. Rightly cooked it has an odor as delicate as a perfume. It is perfumed. Perhaps chopped celery in place of the traditional onion would give a better chowder. But let us learn to use our fish stocks, especially one containing as much fat as oil.

One bit of advice in Circular 23 needs constant repetition: "All fish meals should include green vegetables, and this is particularly important, with rich, fat species like the sablefish." Spinach, cold slaw, celery, lettuce, and tomato salads are in particular recommended.

5,000 Chicago Housewives!

have taken advantage of this new and remarkable idea since last week. They, too, are now convinced of the advantage of buying fresh-roasted Holsum Coffee every day. Something never before attempted. Holsum Coffee is delivered to your grocer one day after it is roasted. It is delivered every morning by the Holsum Bread wagons. You can get it fresh every morning.

HOLSUM COFFEE Roasted Yesterday

Your grocer will assure you of this when you ask for Holsum. Fresh roasted Holsum Coffee retains all the necessary oil and every bit of the delicious aroma and tasty flavor—three essentials of a good cup of coffee. These qualities are retained because it was roasted yesterday. Buy it at your grocer today.

Delivered Fresh to Your Grocer EVERY DAY HOLSUM COFFEE IS GUARANTEED

Our Holsum bread wagons deliver Holsum Coffee—roasted yesterday—your grocer every morning. This is your insurance of a good cup of fresh roasted coffee. Any grocer in Chicago sells Holsum Coffee. If your grocer hasn't it today, order it from him and we will supply him with it fresh in the morning. In ordering specify whether whole, steel cut, or pulverized is wanted. Freshly roasted every morning. Try a pound today. 30c the pound.

AOLSUM BREAD

The favorite tempting, rich flavored, healthful bread that is made clean, delivered clean and cold each day. Holsum Bread makes wholesome children and grownups. Each loaf is enclosed in a dustproof, moisture proof wrapper which insures freshness and permits it to retain its delicious flavor. At any grocer.

Say Holsum, when you order your pound or your loaf today, and be sure you are getting the freshest.

Roasters of
Holsum Coffee
The Heissler & Junge Co. Bakers of
Holsum Bread.

FASHION'S BLUE BOOK



BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondence.]—We all feel the conversational deficiencies of Poe's famous raven. We feel that he might have been more eloquent. We think that "Nevermore" and no more is a mighty poor conversation piece! We think that "Nevermore" is not a mighty poor conversation piece!

Wraps, as usual, are the garments up which fall the rays of the dawn of this present winter. To this pale season is relegated all the splendor of the season, and whether of fur, velvet, or velour, the coat continues to be the playground of color and magnificence. The above wrap of marine blue velour, trimmed with seal and embroidered in gold, black, and bright cherry, is a fitting nomination to the ranks of spiffy wraps.

Once again we repeat it: "Velvet" was all we saw at "Hero Land," the great festival of the Grand Central Station. The first few weeks kept the small change of New York in a bustle minute?" In connection with the epidemic of velvet frocks we at this occasion, one must speak of the quantities of fine lace worn with those simple gowns. With round or square necks of these frocks filled in with point, duchesse, Venise, or, at the least, flannel, every girl asks if she might spend all her odd time posing for Van Dyck or Franz Hals.

However, a new note appeared at "Hero Land." It was the foulard frock which is foretold for early spring wear. This was sponsored by a fashionista who is the national grand president of Edgewater Mrs. Gilbert E. Keebler of Edgewater booth—a dark blue foulard with trimmings of the same silk in dotted design.

Other foulard frocks were made in combination with chiffon. In another month—who knows?—the fashion artist may have added "Foulard" to her strictly specialized vocabulary—"Velvet."

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However, a new note appeared at "Hero Land." It was the foulard frock which is foretold for early spring wear. This was sponsored by a fashionista who is the national grand president of Edgewater Mrs. Gilbert E. Keebler of Edgewater booth—a dark blue foulard with trimmings of the same silk in dotted design.

Other foulard frocks were made in combination with chiffon. In another month—who knows?—the fashion artist may have added "Foulard" to her strictly specialized vocabulary—"Velvet."

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SITUATION WTD—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN aged 20, 2 yrs. exp.; good credit; good record; much time; want situation. Address O 343, Tribune.

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A-1 MANAGER-A-1.

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Remarkable savings in the opportune selling of
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for holiday dance or party wear

They're but newly arrived, and in them a variety of exclusive style themes are brilliantly elaborated. The price is remarkably low:



Taffeta dresses 19.75
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All charmingly fashioned over silver cloth, and effectively combined with silver or gold lace or tinsel; a wealth of pastel shades and color contrasts. Four representative styles are pictured above.

Women will be delighted with Christmas gifts of

"Kayser's" Italian silk underwear
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Supreme above all other silk underwear, "Kayser's" is made from pure silk, in full sizes, fashioned by expert operators, and handsomely finished. Withal, "Kayser's" is the most economical silk underwear.



"Kayser's" Italian silk union suits, 4.50

These with tailor top and fully reinforced; richly embroidered fronts. Excellent assortment.

Heavy Italian silk vests, 2.25
French band tops; full sizes; garments
splendidly reinforced, for service.

Heavy Italian silk vests, \$3
French band tops; handsome embroidered effects over busts. Knit underwear, Third floor

Kayser's "opera style" Italian silk vests at 2.50

Bedice model, elastic run top—may be worn without shoulder straps. Dainty lace edges.
Kayser's products here in full assortments—Italian silk underwear, silk gloves, silk hosiery.

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The Store of the Christmas Spirit

Small Gifts Easily Chosen

GIFTS that are appropriate, that can be selected with the minimum amount of time expenditure and effort, have an important place in the last-minute shopper's list. Whoever the recipient, whatever the preference, these are among the gifts that are always appreciated.

Handkerchiefs, 25c
and More

If a mark of identification is wanted, Handkerchiefs with initials or monograms are desirable. A large assortment especially desirable for giving to school children is here. 25c, 50c and up.

At 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c—a truly remarkable collection of such charming novelties as colored borders, hand sewed hem, Madeira and Irish linen, embroidered in pleasing designs.

Other Handkerchiefs are priced as high as \$75.

First Floor, Middle Room.

Gift Gloves, \$2.25
and Up

Many men are selecting Gloves as one of the things of which a woman has never too many. Tans and grays are perhaps the most favored, unless it be white, which are always most desirable. French Gloves of beautiful workmanship are offered in a wide assortment of colors and styles. Among these are the Alexandre Gloves.

Domestic Gloves are priced as low as \$2. These include washable leathers, in regular and gauntlet styles.

First Floor, South Room.

A warm Muffler for a man is a gift that will bring pleasant thoughts of the giver for several months. Silk Mufflers are priced as low as \$1.50 and as high as \$15. There is also a durable Silk Khaki Muffler, \$1, \$1.25, \$2 and \$5; of Wool, \$3 and \$4.

First Floor, Middle Room.

At a Reduced Price—

Just Three Days in Which to Choose

A Smart New Hat for Christmas

Every Winter Hat is reduced. The after-Christmas prices are now in effect. Hats for dress, for street, for sports wear—at such great savings that any woman who can use an extra Hat will find a prompt visit worth her while!

Hats at \$5
Fifth Floor,
Middle Room.

Hats at \$10
Semi-dress Hat Section,
Fifth Floor.

Hats at \$15
English Room,
Fifth Floor.

Thrift stamps and war savings certificates may be purchased at the public service bureau, third floor

Mandel Brothers

The Christmas Store Beautiful

One entire salesroom full of men's gifts
for late shoppers' convenient choosing

Things a man can wear—handsome things he'll like to wear—practical things he will use, man fashion, for years—till they're "old friends." These specials typical of hundreds:



500 men's terry and blanket
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Such values as you'd scarce expect to find—and a most attractive price.

200 men's blanket bath robes, including a large selection of imported Japanese robes; medium weights; handsome patterns: 4.85.

Men's wool house coats, 6.50

They're trimmed with braid and cord and finished well at pockets and cuffs. 6.50 a low price for such coats. Men's imported Japanese silk quilted and padded dressing gowns in navy, wine and brown, specially priced at 6.85.

Men's full dress vests,
in many styles, at \$5

Men's Hudson seal caps, London dyed, \$10
Men's Shetland seal caps, special value, \$6

Men's wool sweaters with shawl collar or V neck; plain colors or stripes; \$5. Second floor.

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Direct service on fast twin-screw steamers from New York to

HAVANA AND POINTS IN CUBA
Sailings every Saturday

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SKIN DISEASES

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Write for booklet giving complete in-

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Thirty Years' Experience

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Mosier Shorthand College

Enrols high school and academy graduates ex-

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Private Home for the FEELBE MIND

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Girls. Buildings worth over \$200,000. Common

Premises, Residential Seminary, Box 280, Winona, Ill.

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Glove Bonds—Merchandise Certificates

For those who wish to bestow presents certain to be acceptable—for employers to give employees.

Glove Bonds and Merchandise Certificates issued in any denomination and in any quantity, redeemable at any time in gloves or merchandise throughout the store.



Girls' New Tub Frocks

A Splendid Christmas Selling

These last days before Christmas this little girls' section comes into special prominence—with proof that its suggestions are the most practical and delightful for the schoolgirl's gift.

From \$1.75 to \$10—New Tub Frocks
Afford the Most Exceptional Choice

Gingham, chambrays, plain colors, stripes, plaids, fashioned in those out-of-the-usual styles, for which these sections are always depended upon.

At \$2.25—bloomer frocks of checked chambray for girls of 6, 8 and 10 years have smart, high, black velvet belts.

At \$3.95—the daintiest of white lawn frocks with a little lace jacquette and lace-edged pockets. Sizes 6 to 10 years.

At \$3.95—another bloomer frock with a quaint smocked yoke, in pink, blue, green, also for girls of 6 to 10 years.

At \$4.50—frocks of pink, maize or blue chambray with most effective black and white embroidery. 10 to 14 years.

Very new are frocks of organdy with gingham, \$7.75—linens and pique hand-embroidered at \$5.85 to \$10. And rain-capes are splendid suggestions.

Fourth Floor, South.

Thrift stamps and war savings certificates may be purchased at the public service bureau, third floor.

Mandel Brothers

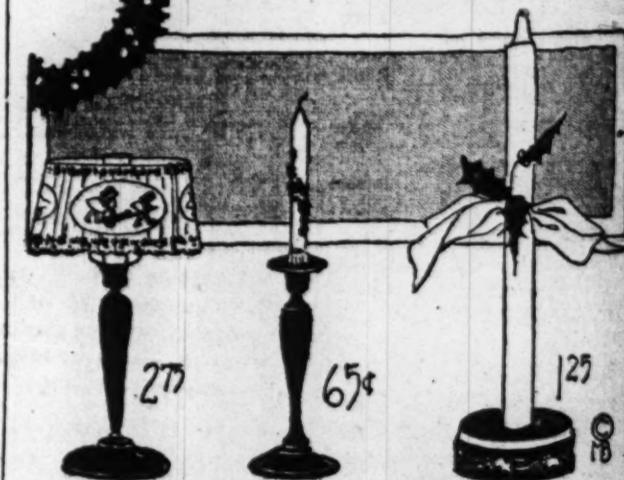
The Christmas Store Beautiful

Candle lighting time'

A pretty custom—to burn a candle on Christmas eve. Indeed, home may be made cheery and gay with bright candles throughout the holidays.

Sixth floor.

18-inch candle, with holder, 1.25



The candle is decorated with a red bow and holly. The holder is of black wood, and prettily decorated.

24-hour candle, with holder, 2.75

Candle is set in a glass cup, and has an imported shade in yellow, rose or blue, with attractive figures. The base is mahogany. Candle stick, glass, fairy lamp, candle and shade, complete for 2.75.

Solid mahogany candlestick, with ruby

bobesche and holly decorated candle, 65¢

Red and green candles for Christmas time, 50¢ box.

A Holiday Suggestion

Give him a box of

lion collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

for his

Christmas

Advertiser in The Tribune.